





Creating the Next Generation of Integrated Teams

Construction Clients Group - Wellington

27 JUNE 2012



-  **Introduction**
-  **IPD – Process Outline**
-  **Culture – Change Management**
-  **The Future**

What is Integrated Project Delivery?

IPD – is a project delivery approach that:

- **integrates people, systems, business structures and practices** through all phases of design, fabrication, and construction
- **Harnesses talents** and insights of all participants
- **Optimizes project results:**
 - increases value to the owner,
 - reduces waste,
 - maximizes efficiency

What is Integrated Project Delivery?

	Traditional	"IPD-ish"	"Pure" IPD
Team Organization	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hierarchical • Sequential addition "as needed": architect, then engineer, then contractor, then fabricator, etc 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Collaborative • Earlier hiring / participation of some expertise 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All key expertise on-board at start • Includes "life cycle" stakeholders • Multi-Party Agreement or Single Purpose Entity
Contracts	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Establish liability protection 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Encourage shared information and resources 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Guide team activity • Mandate joint decision making • Eliminate or strictly limit ability to sue
Risk / Reward	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Entities pursue and protect individually 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Optional shared profit/bonus pool 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pooled profit in; distributed with team success • Based on project value
Decision Control	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hierarchical 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Team, with final decision by Owner 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Key Project Decisions by Single Purpose Entity
Collaboration Tool	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Meetings 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Charettes 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Detailed process design at start • Pull scheduling • Metro-based, informed decisions
Process	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Linear information • Resides in "silos" controlled per discipline 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Concurrent information • BIM • Charettes 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Integrated information
Estimating	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • After design and publication of documents, per phase 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Contractor participation during preconstruction 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Budget first; then design to budget • Target Design Values (TDV)

Managing Time, Cost & Quality

IPD – It's all about Design Management / Strong Leadership

- Design management of **all** stakeholders
- BIM as the repository for:
 - a. Information
 - b. Collective design decisions - transparency
 - c. Constantly testing value
 - d. 'Buildability' – Virtual construction
- Constant evaluation of:
 - Construction cost – best value incl. quality assessment
 - Procurement methodologies / fabrication
 - Life cycle costs
 - Sustainability

What sort of team can achieve all of this?

Achieving Successful Integrated Project Delivery

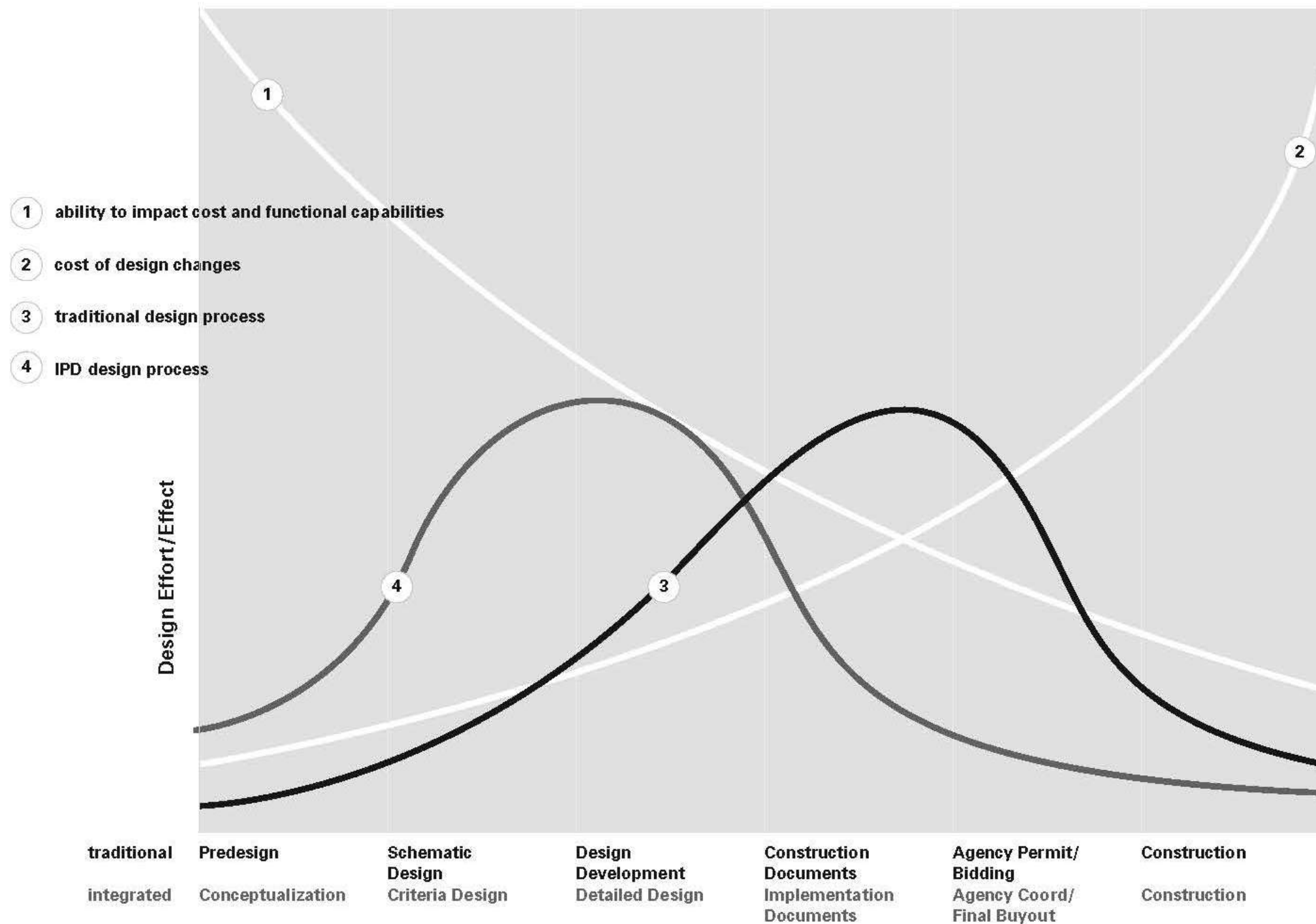
Successful Integrated Project Delivery requires a team that is

- committed to **collaborative processes**
- **capable of working together** effectively

Key steps:

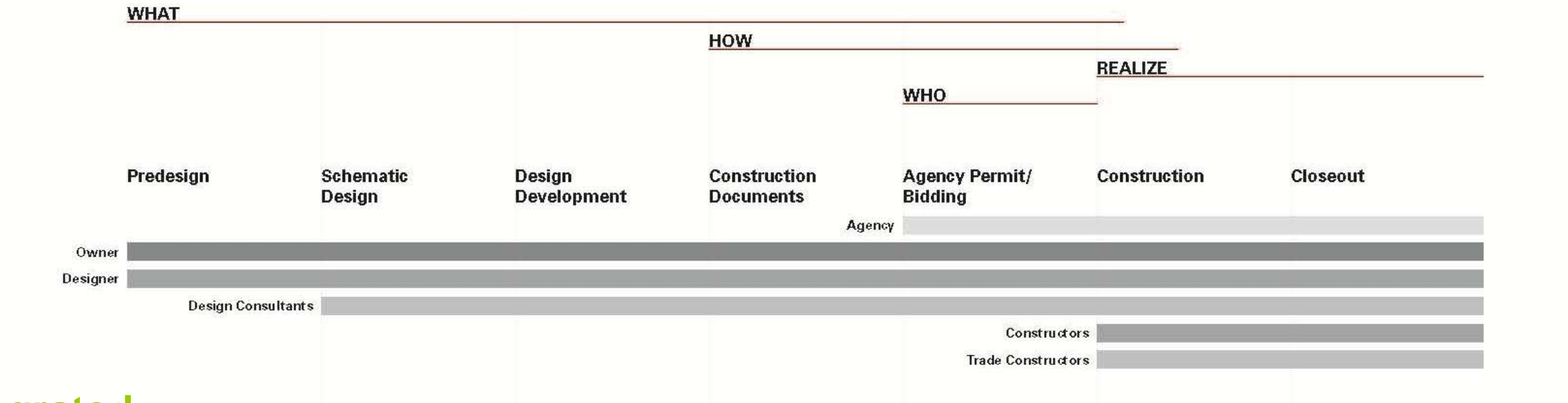
1. Identify most important team roles early
2. Pre-qualify members (firms and individuals)
3. Consider and / or seek involvement of others – e.g. building officials, insurers
4. Clearly define team values, goals and interests
5. Identify organizational and business structure most suited to IPD **and** consistent with team members' needs and constraints
6. Define and agree roles and accountability of team members.

Where is our Design Effort? How is it managed?

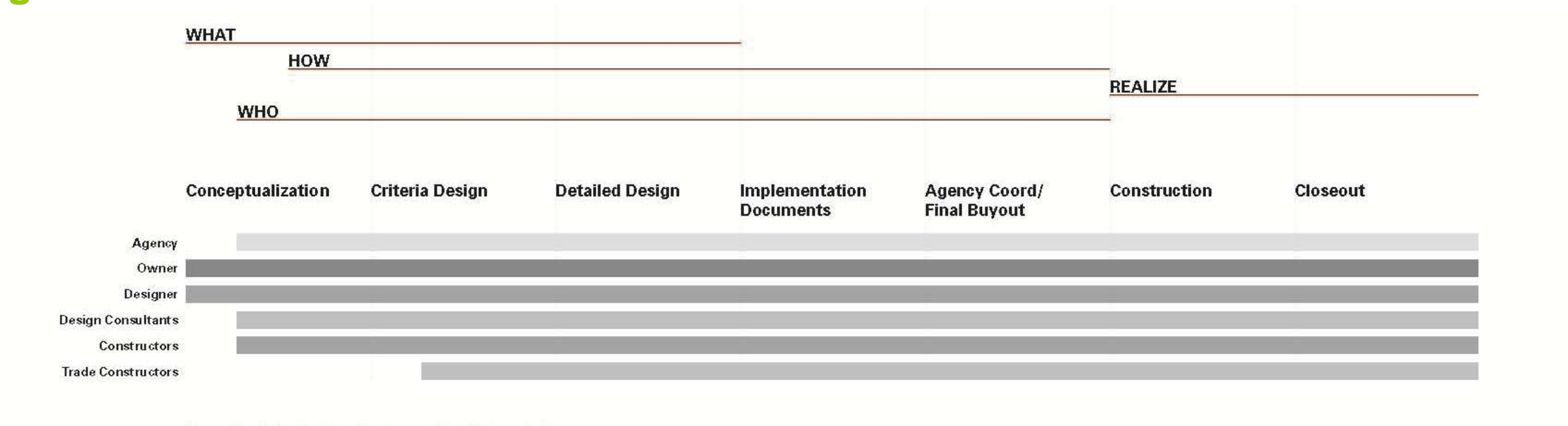


Traditional vs. Integrated Design Processes

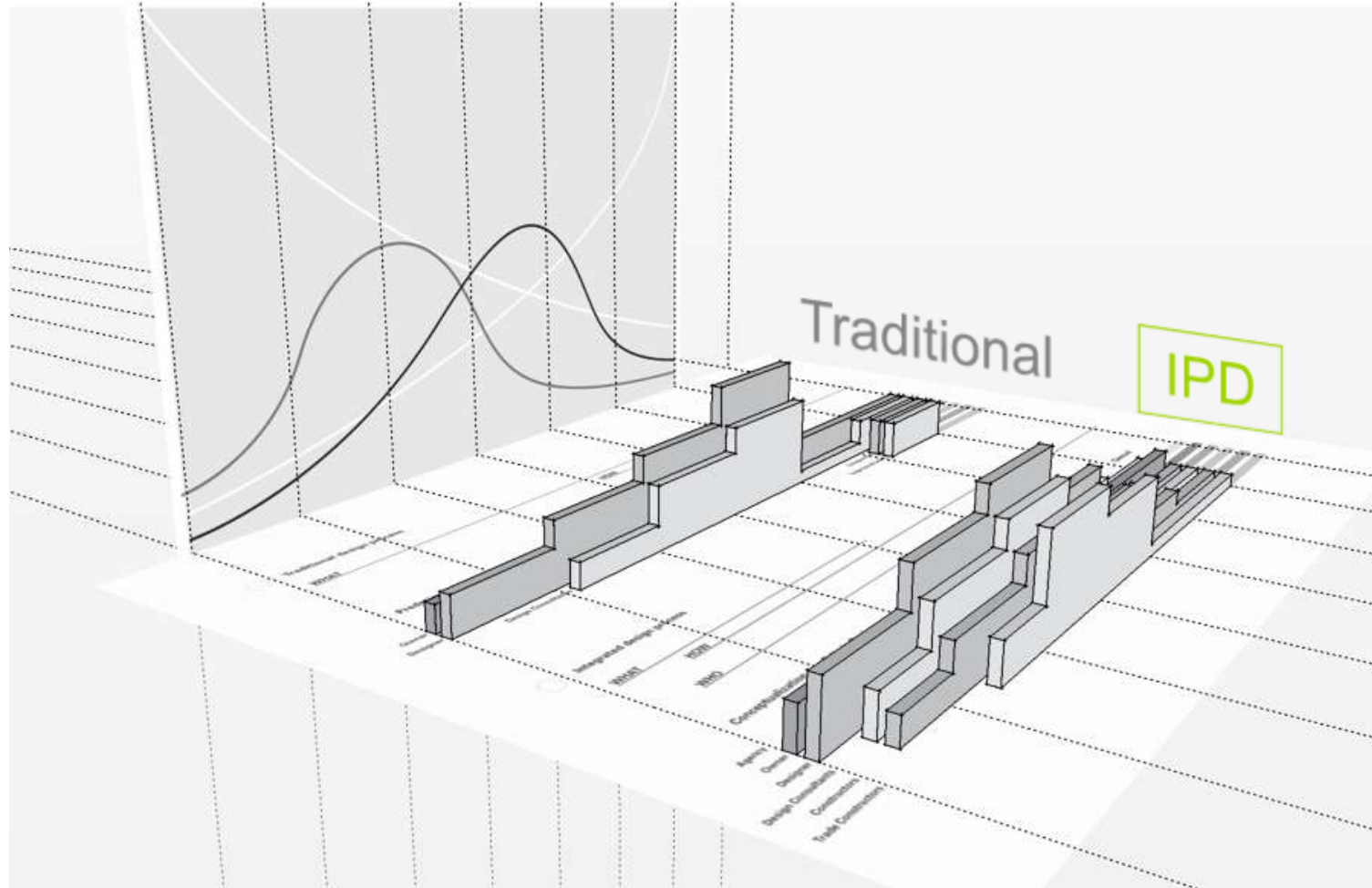
Traditional



Integrated



Who are the participants of an Integrated Team?



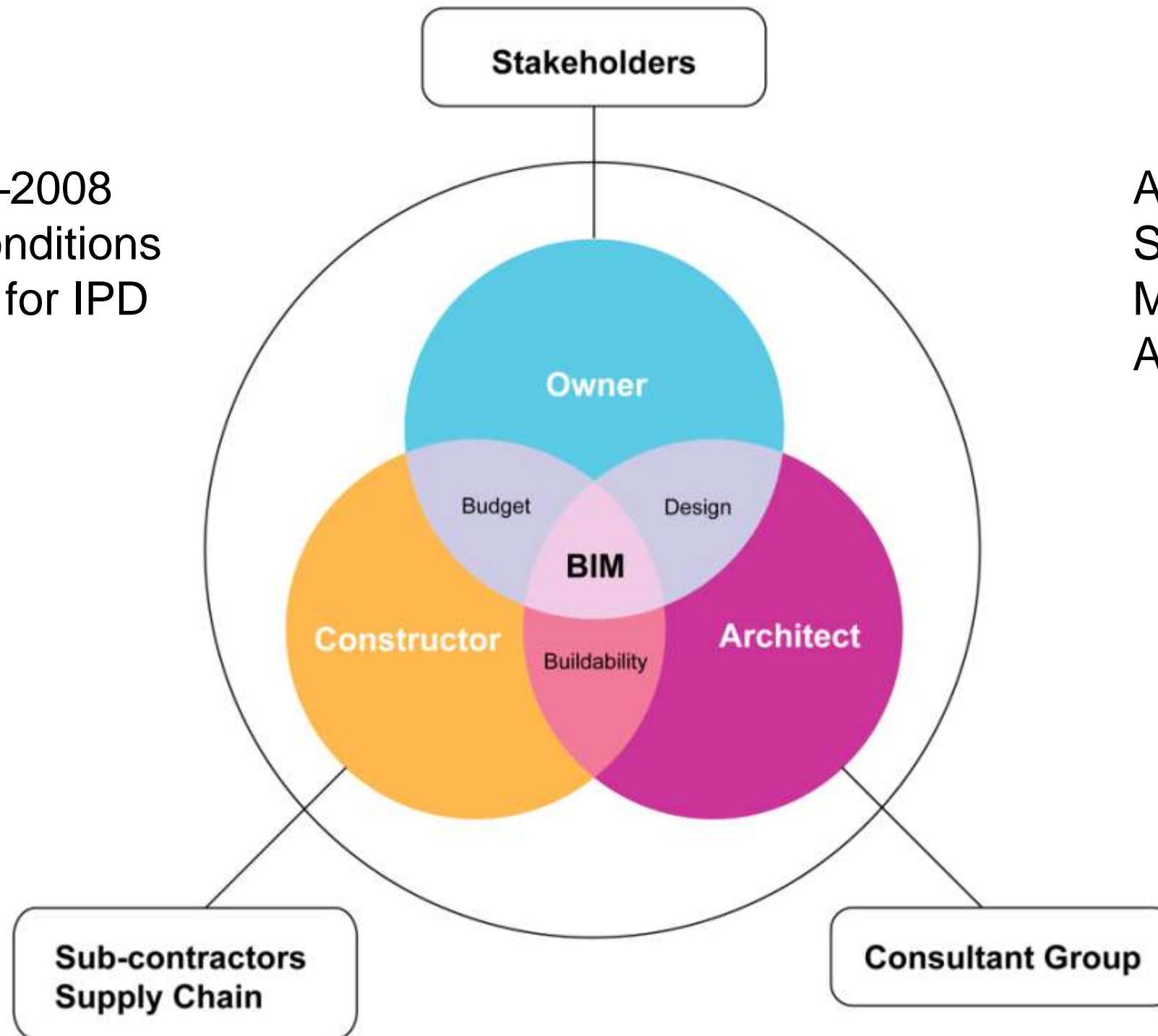
Main Parties Involved

- Owner
- Integrated Project Coordinator
- Prime Designer
- Design Consultants
- Prime Constructor
- Trade Contractors
- Suppliers
- Agencies / T.A.s

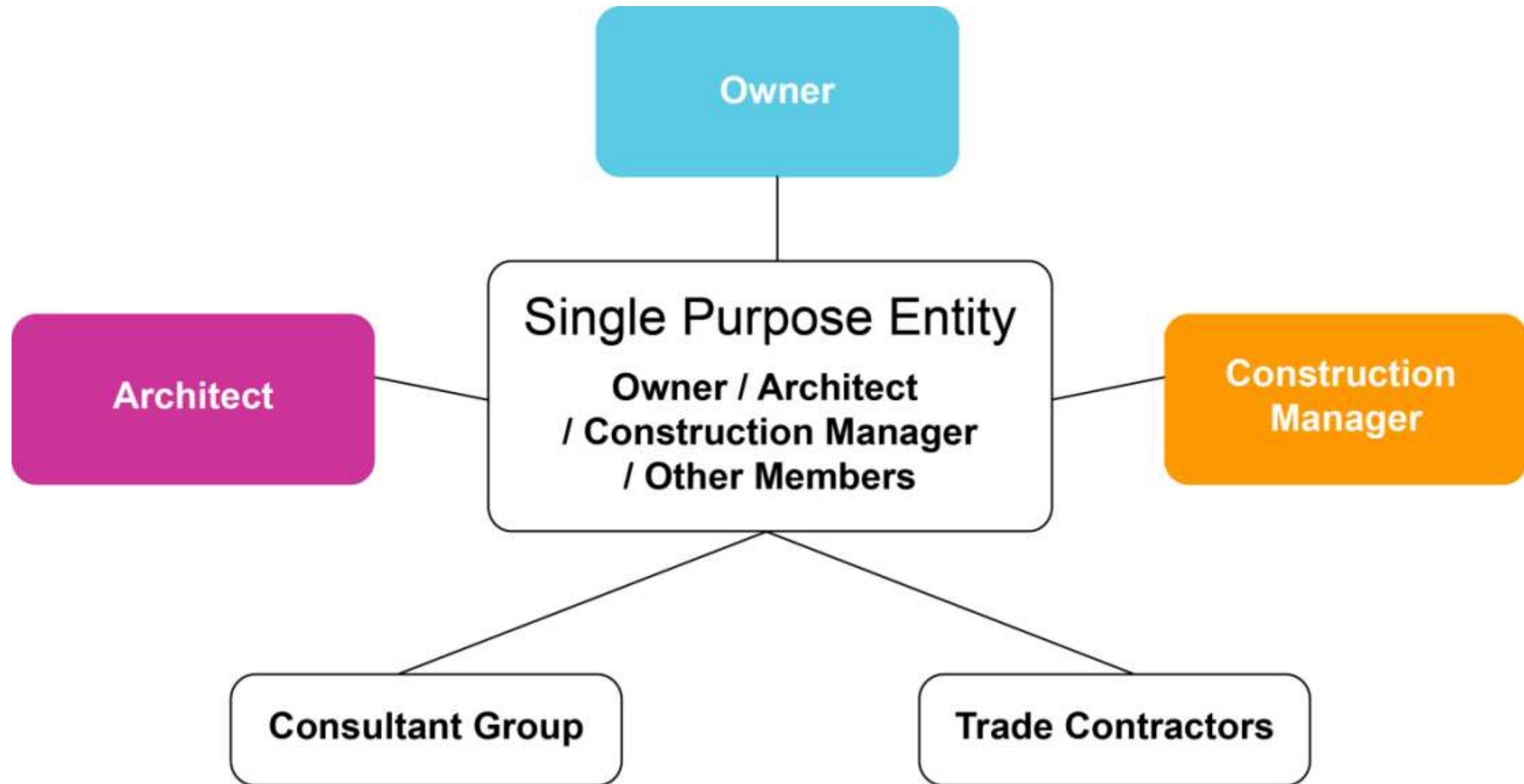
Multi-Party Agreement Contract Relationships

AIA - A295–2008
General Conditions
of Contract for IPD

AIA–C191–2009
Standard Form
Multi-Party
Agreement for IPD

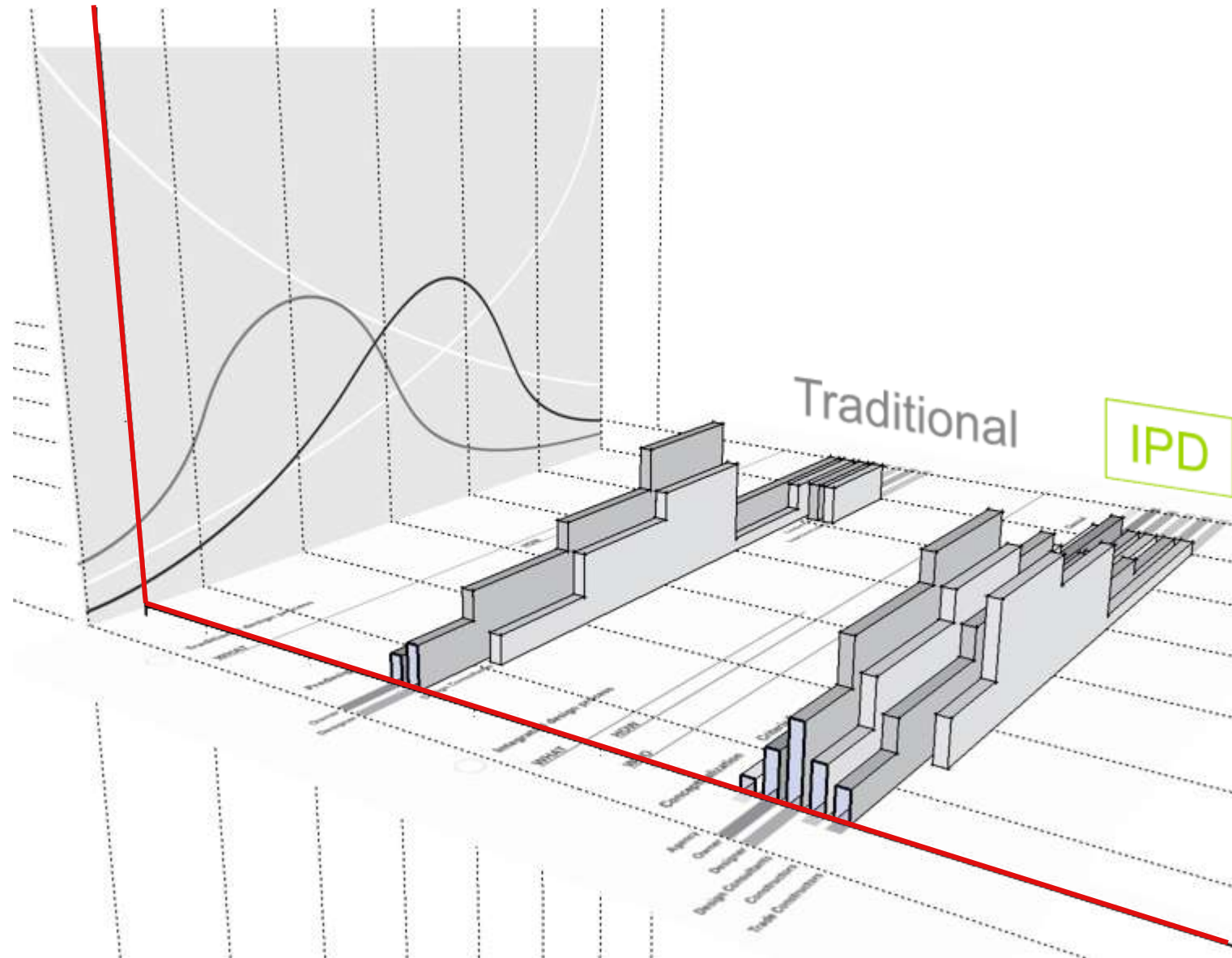


Single Purpose Entity Agreement Contract Relationships



Project holds P.I. insurance – not individual groups

Conceptualization



Conceptualization begins to determine **WHAT** is to be built, **WHO** will build it and **HOW** it will be built...

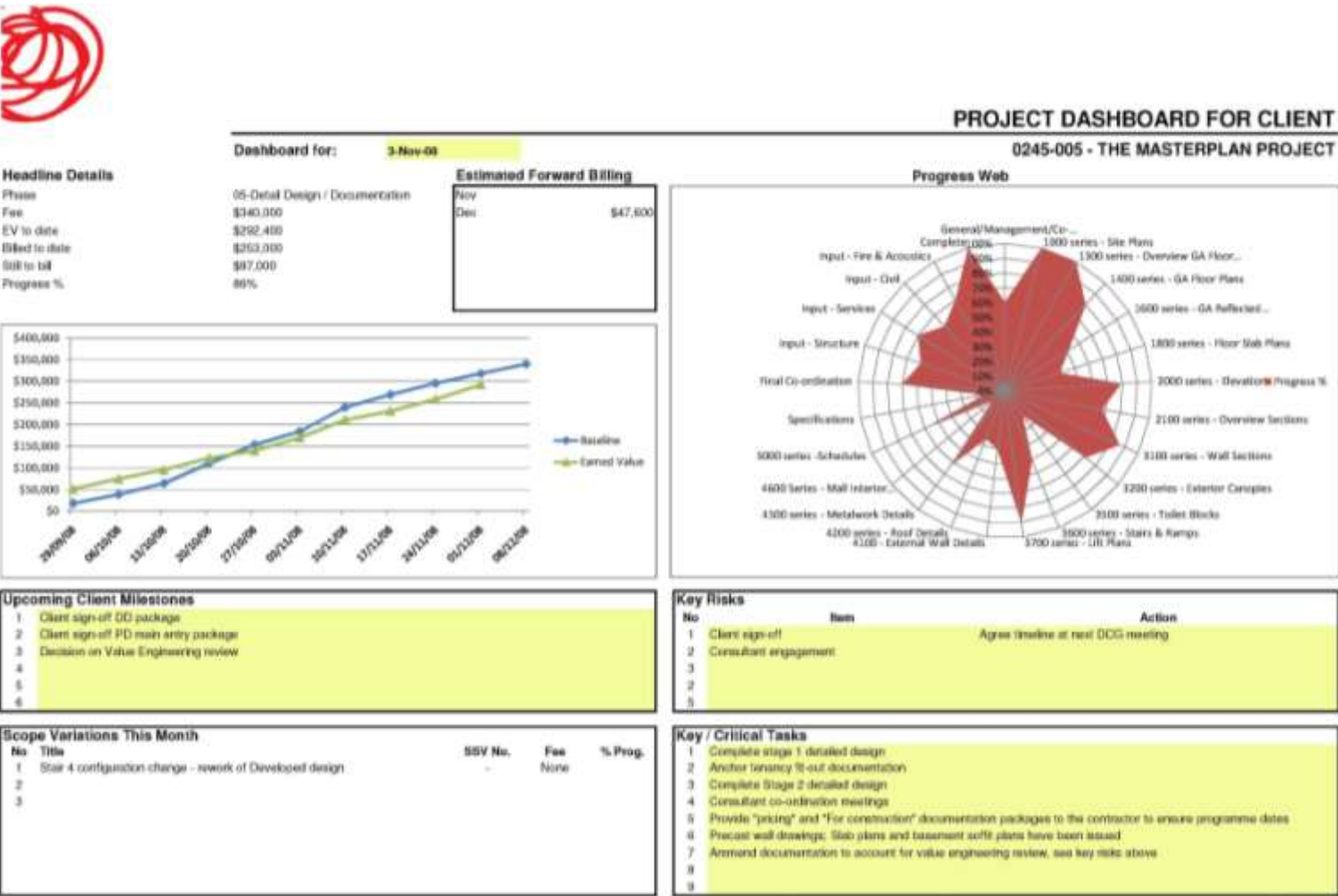
Outcomes

Develop:

- Performance goals
- Cost structure (earlier & in greater detail)
- Preliminary Schedule & link to model
- Communication methods
- LODs 00 & 01

Set up project systems

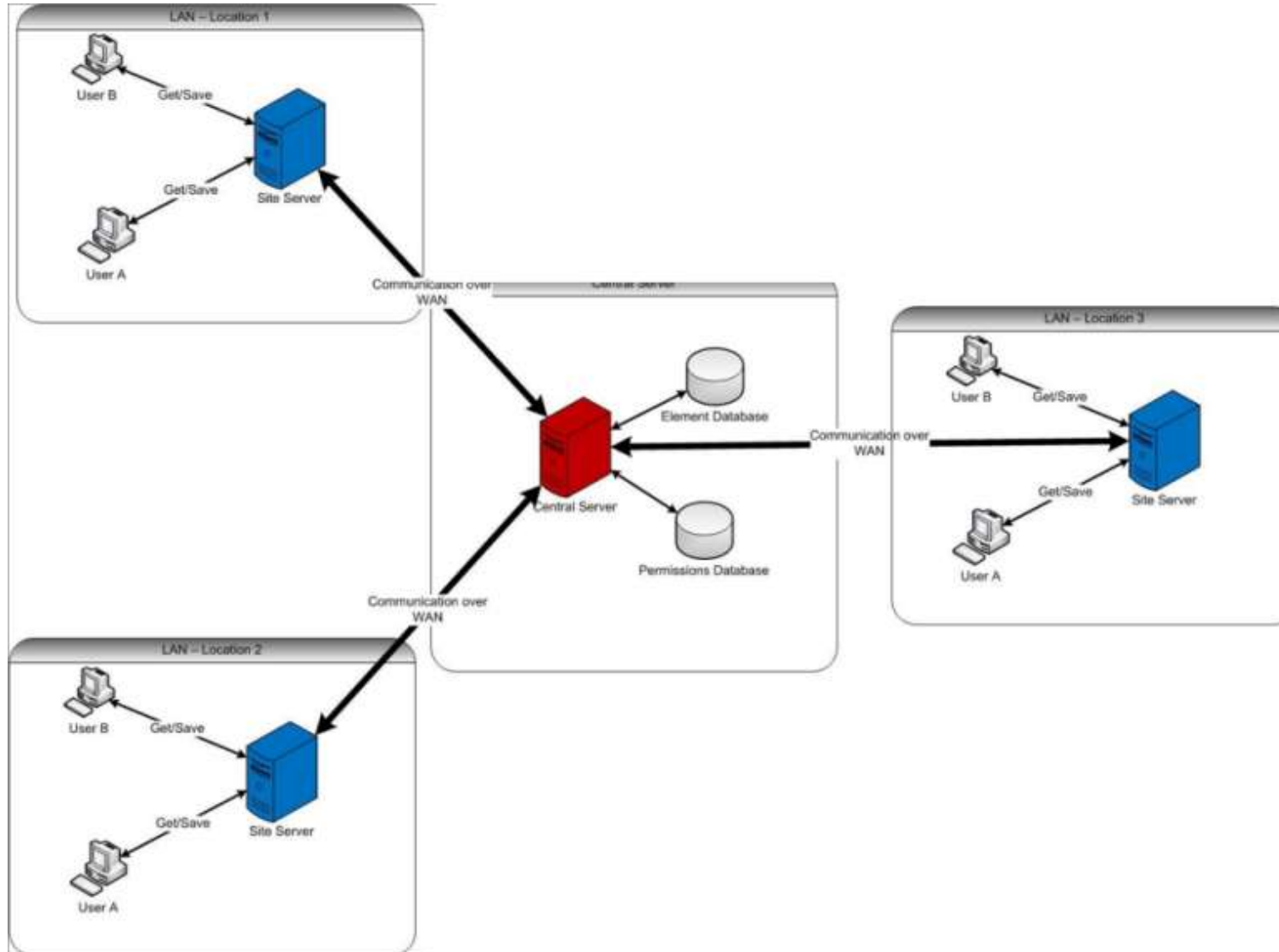
Conceptualization – Project System Setup



1. Set up Strong Leadership / Project Governance Team

- Strong Project Manager
- Strong Design Manager
- Educated Client
- Project Quality Plan
- Project Briefing Document
- Web-based reporting / management
- Set up TDVs

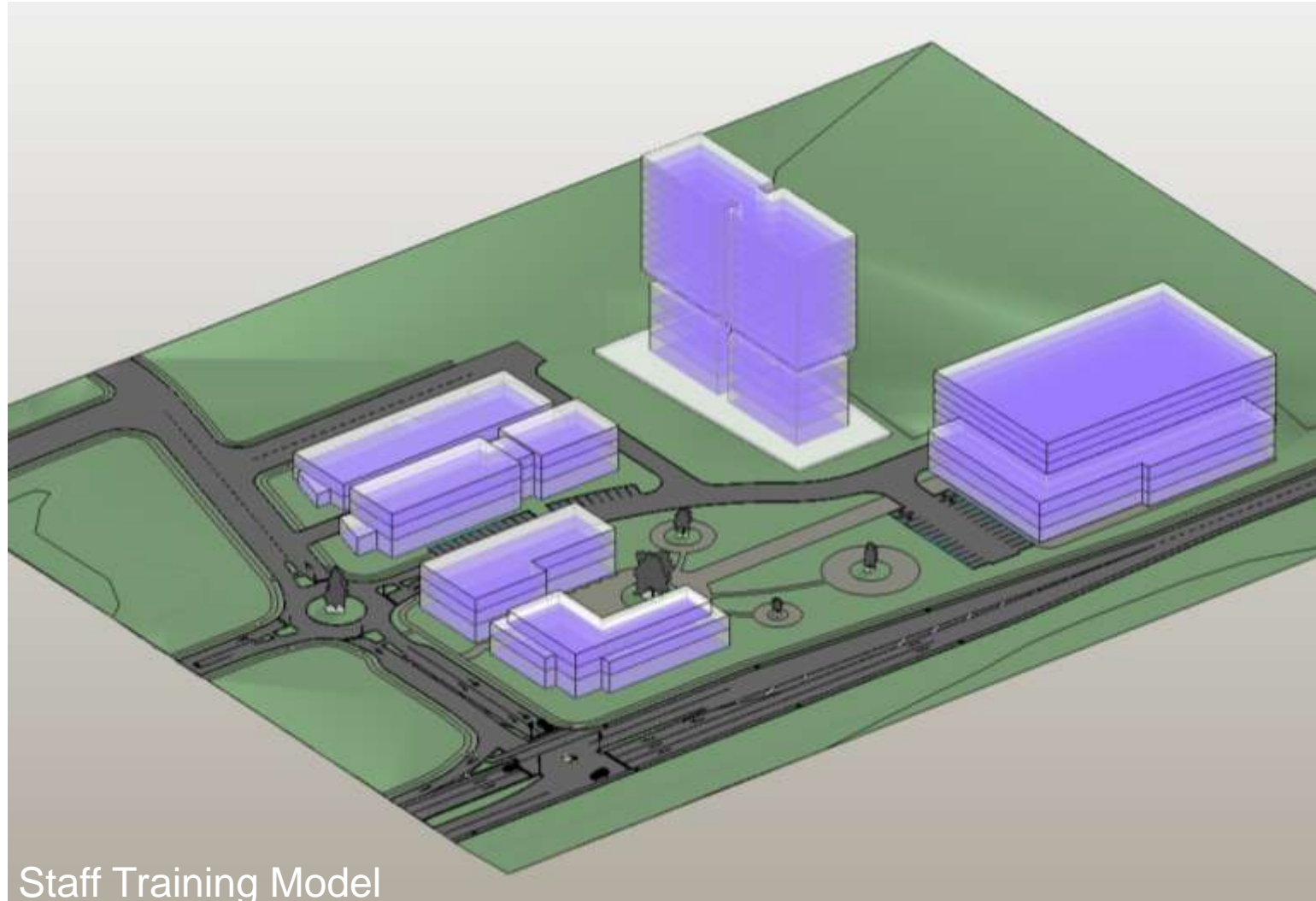
Conceptualization – Project System Setup



2. Set up centralised BIM infrastructure

- Agree model progression specifications (MPS) or Levels of Detail (LOD)

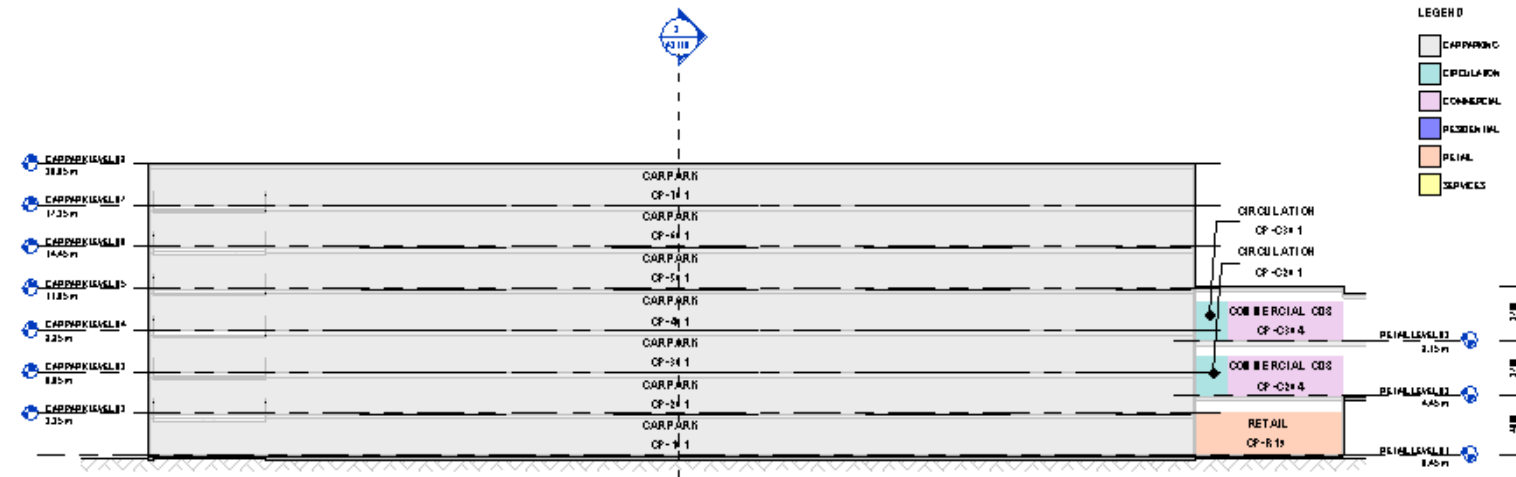
Level of Detail (LOD) 000



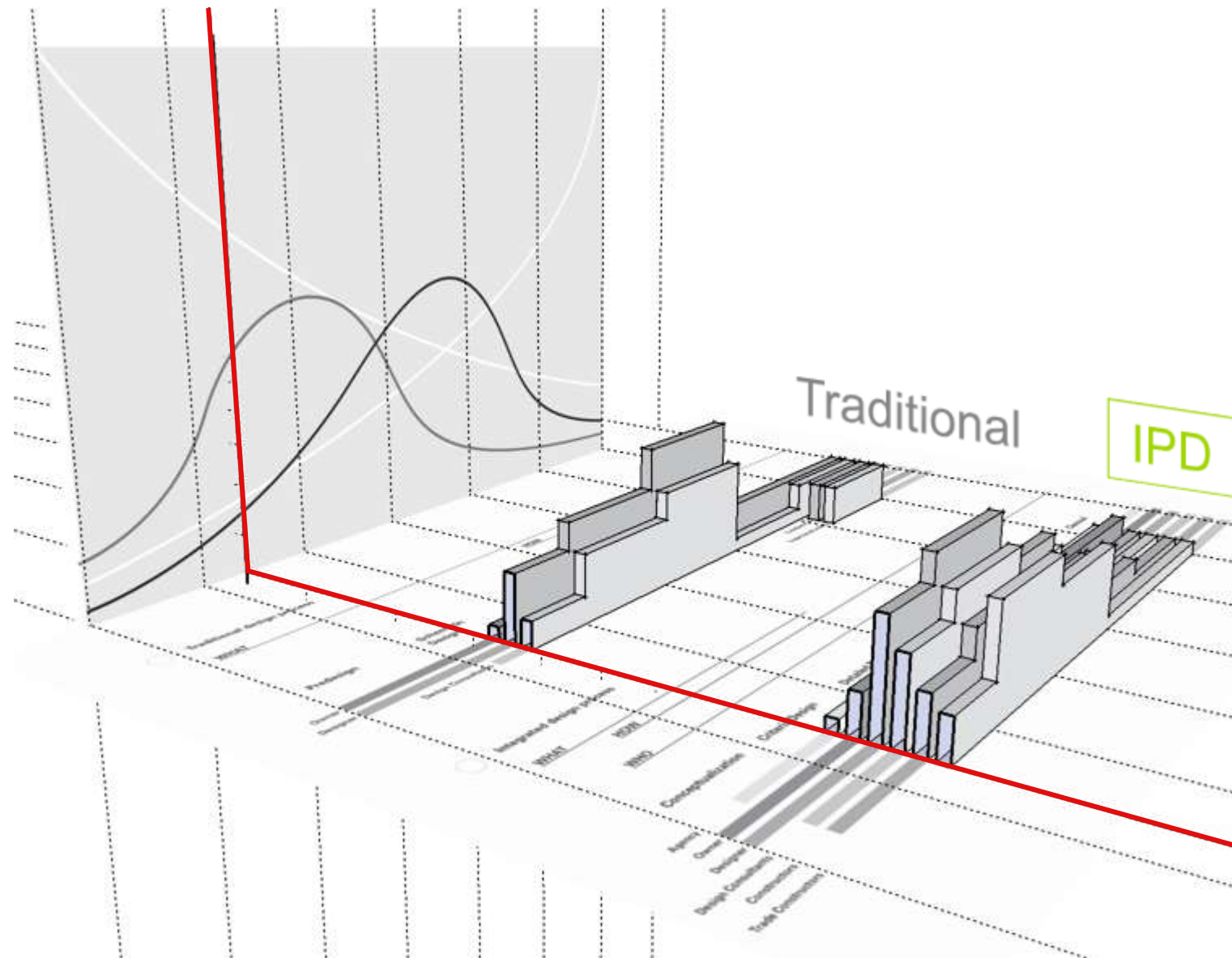
The Finished Article

- Topography
- Boundaries
- Roads
- Footpaths
- Landscaping Zones
- Boundary Setbacks
- Mass Form Buildings
- Levels
- Mass Floors for Gross Area
- Mass Floor Areas scheduled

Level of Detail (LOD) 100



Criteria Design



In Criteria Design the project begins to take shape. Major options are evaluated, tested and selected...

Outcomes

Finalise:

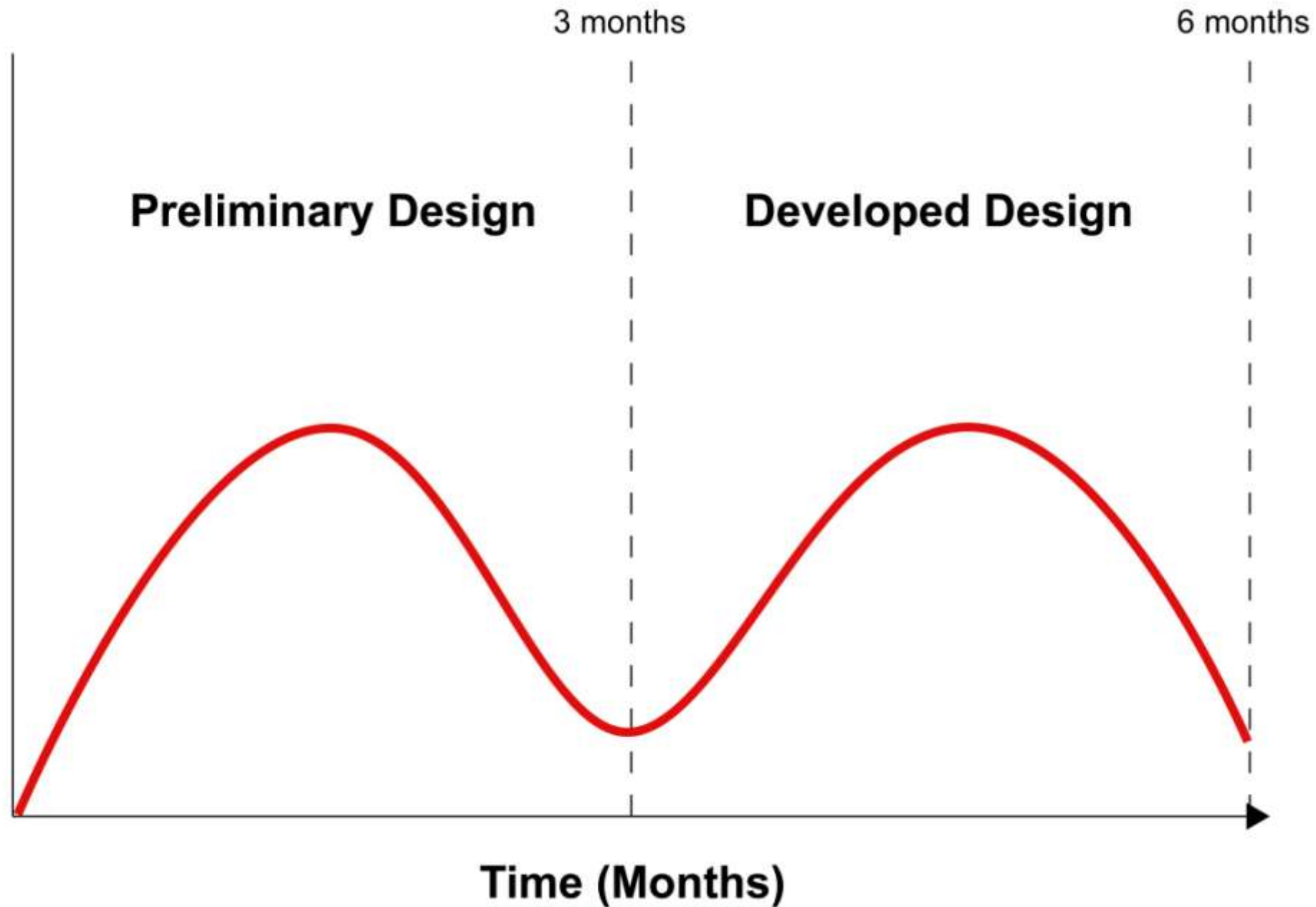
- Scope
- Form
- Initial selection & design of structure, skin, HVAC
- Cost estimate*
- Schedule*

Agree tolerances between trades for prefabrication

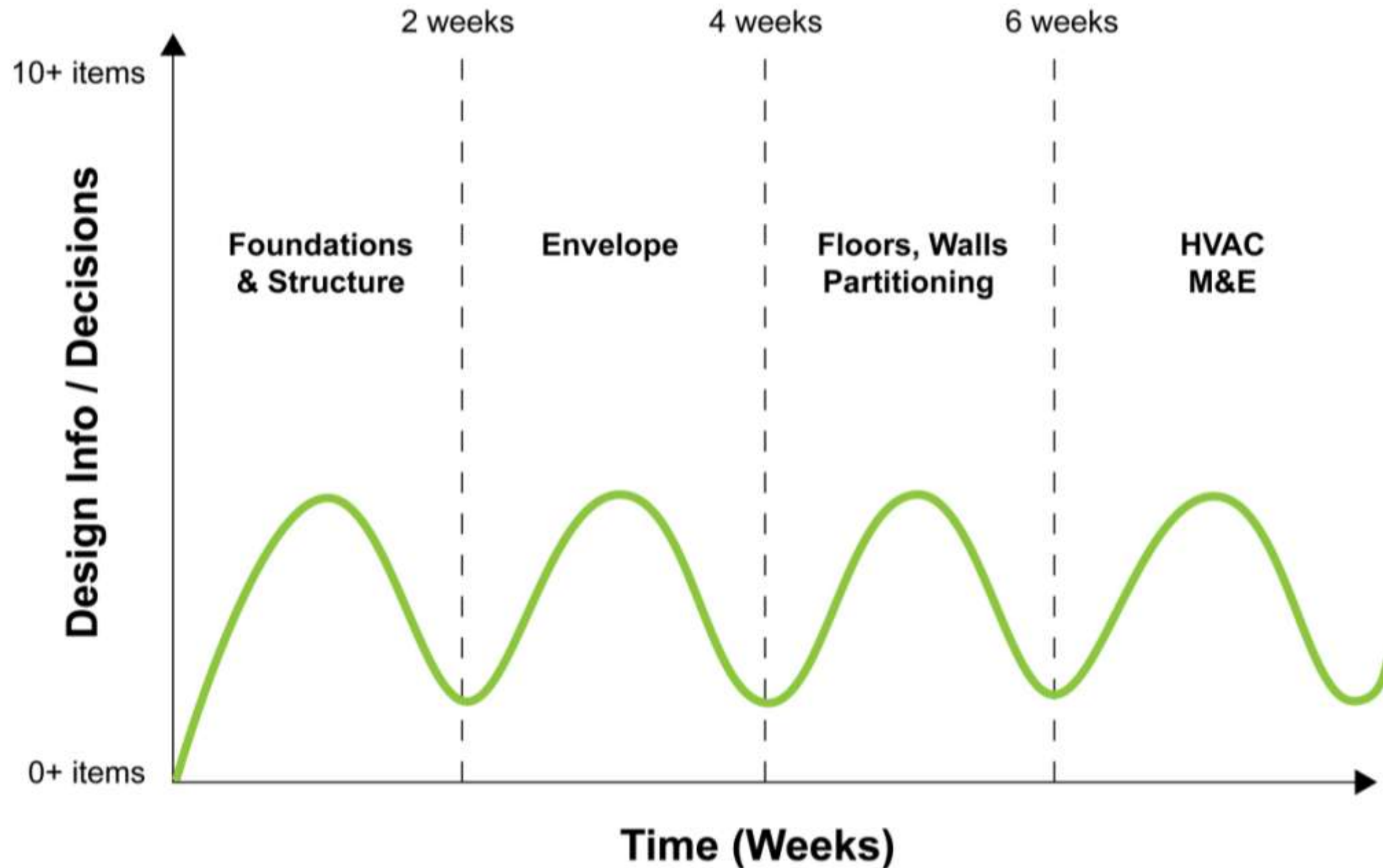
*at appropriate precision – TDVs

Traditional VE Cycle

Time impact / Abortive design work

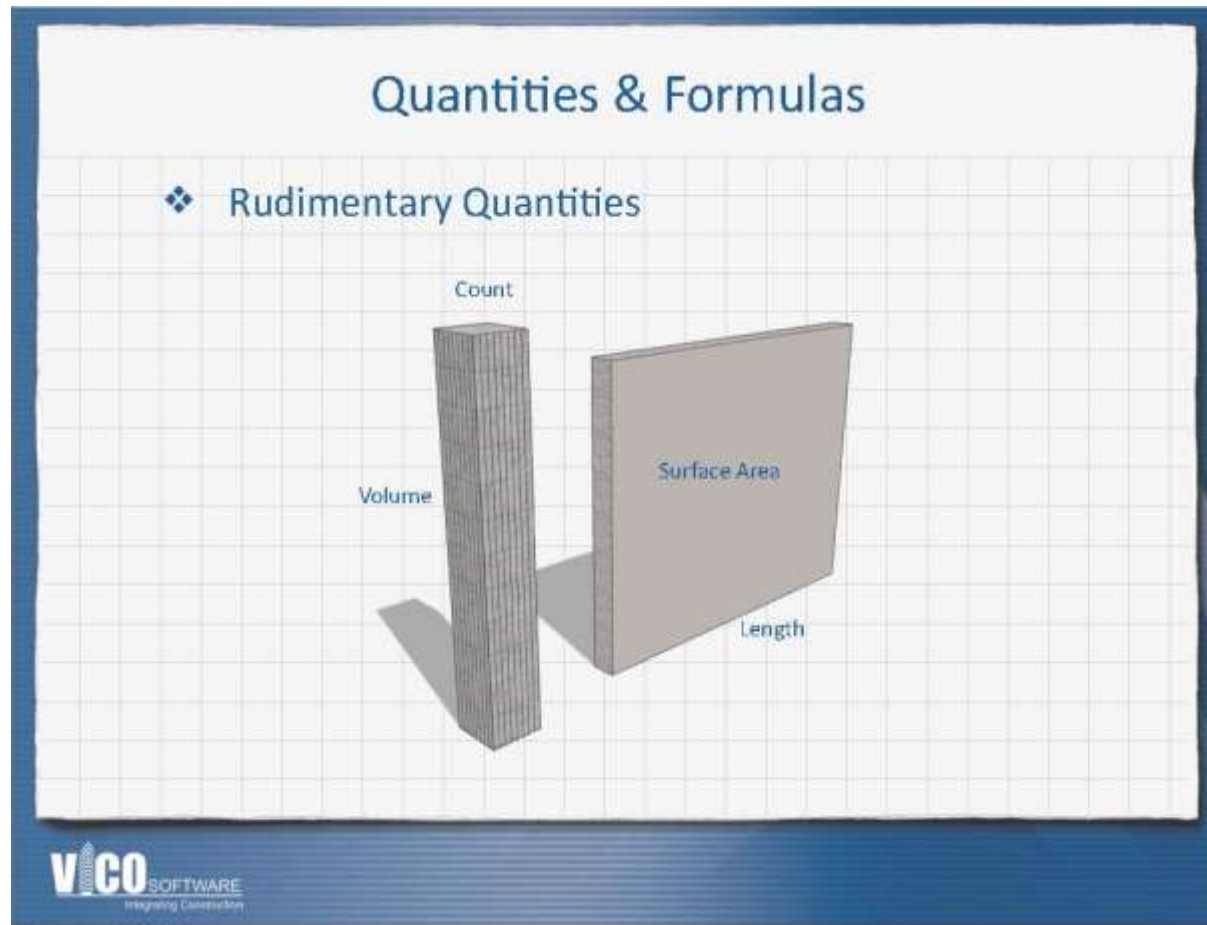


BIM Model locks in design decisions to TDVs

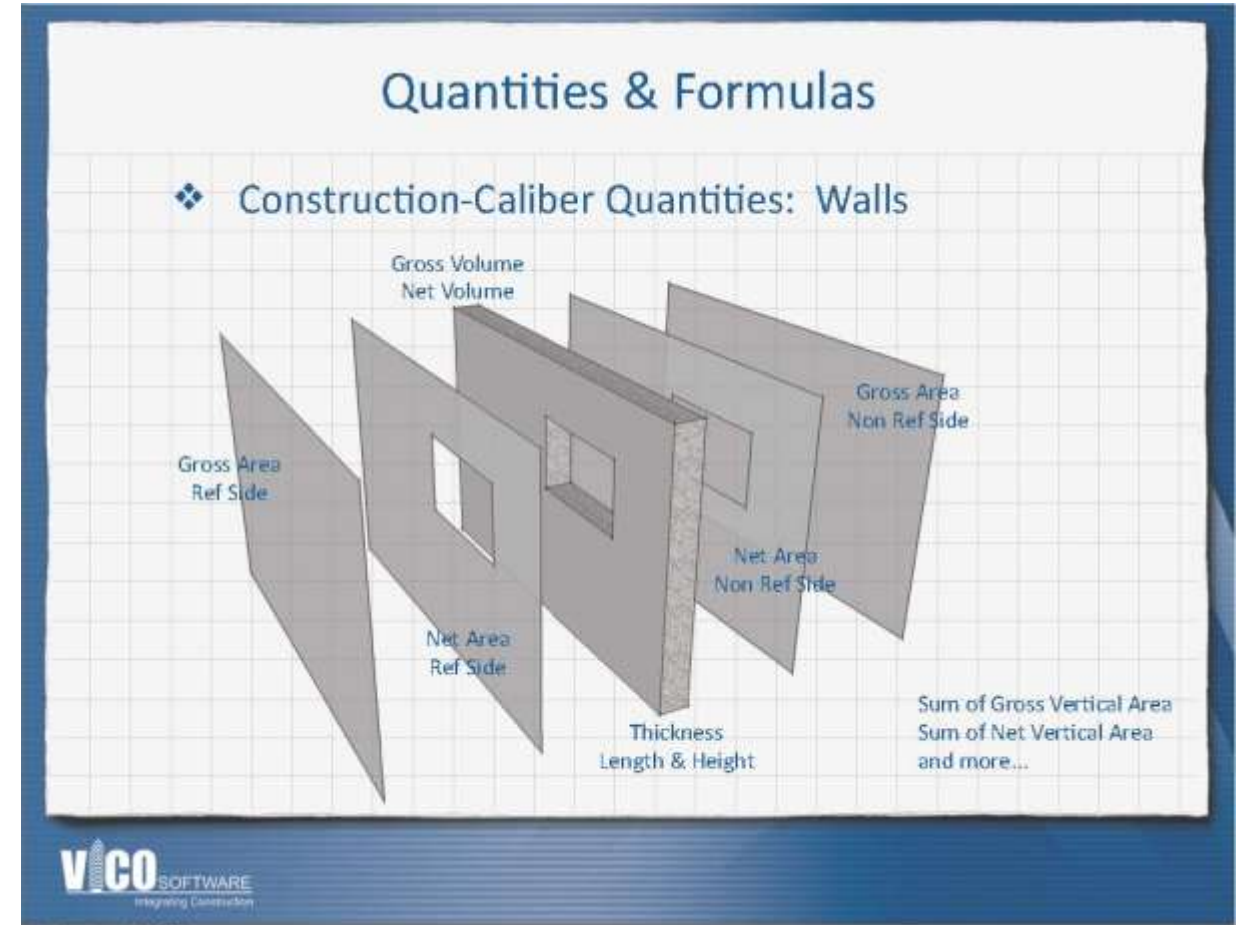


Construction-Calibre Quantities from BIM Model

Vico



Tuesday, June 16, 2009



Tuesday, June 16, 2009

Construction-Calibre Quantities from BIM Model

Vico Cost Planner

Cast Planner - Spread Footings, Vertical Surface Area

Code	Description	Quantity	Consumption	Units	Amount	Unit	CostUnit	Price
A1010.01	Continuous Footing	0.00	0.00	sf	0.00	sf	0.00	0.00
L-01	Formwork - Cont...	0.00	0.00	sf	0.00	sf	0.00	0.00
M-01	Formwork Material	0.00	0.00	sf	0.00	sf	0.00	0.00
E-01	Gas Engine Vibra	0.00	0.00	cy/Day	0.00	cy/Day	0.00	0.00
E-02	Concrete Pump	0.00	0.00	cy/Day	0.00	cy/Day	0.00	0.00
A1011.01	Spread Footings	0.00	0.00	sf	0.00	sf	0.00	0.00
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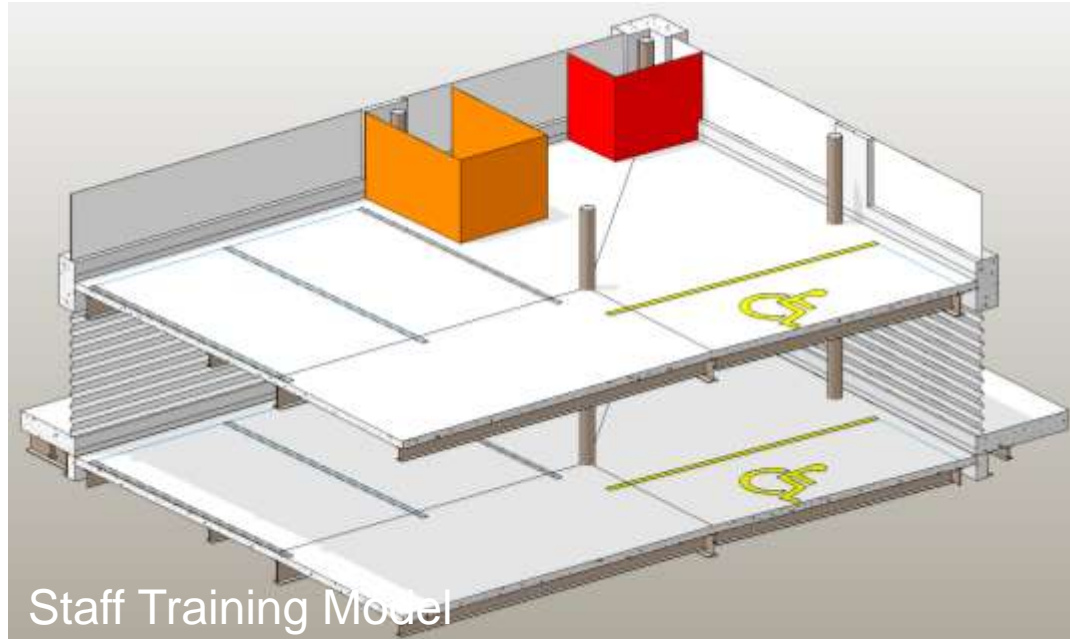
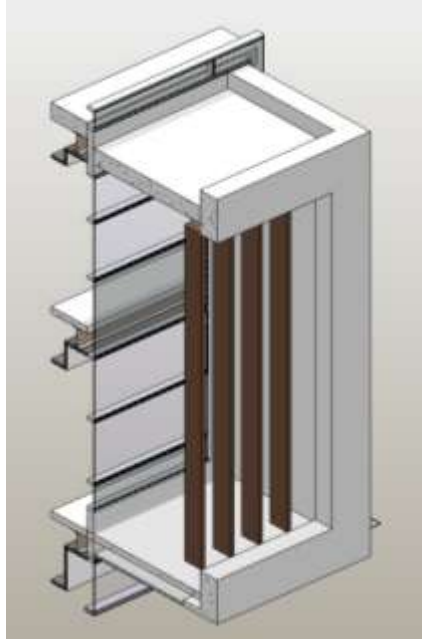
Cast Planner - Concrete Roof Slab, Net Volume

Code	Description	Quantity	Consumption	Units	Amount	Unit	CostUnit	Price
L-01	Formwork - Cont...	0.00	0.00	sf	0.00	sf	0.00	0.00
M-01	Formwork Material	0.00	0.00	sf	0.00	sf	0.00	0.00
E-01	Gas Engine Vibra	0.00	0.00	cy/Day	0.00	cy/Day	0.00	0.00
E-02	Concrete Pump	0.00	0.00	cy/Day	0.00	cy/Day	0.00	0.00
A1011.01	Spread Footings	0.00	0.00	sf	0.00	sf	0.00	0.00
L-01	Formwork - Spre...	0.00	0.00	sf	0.00	sf	0.00	0.00
M-01	Formwork Material	0.00	0.00	sf	0.00	sf	0.00	0.00
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Level of Detail (LOD) 200



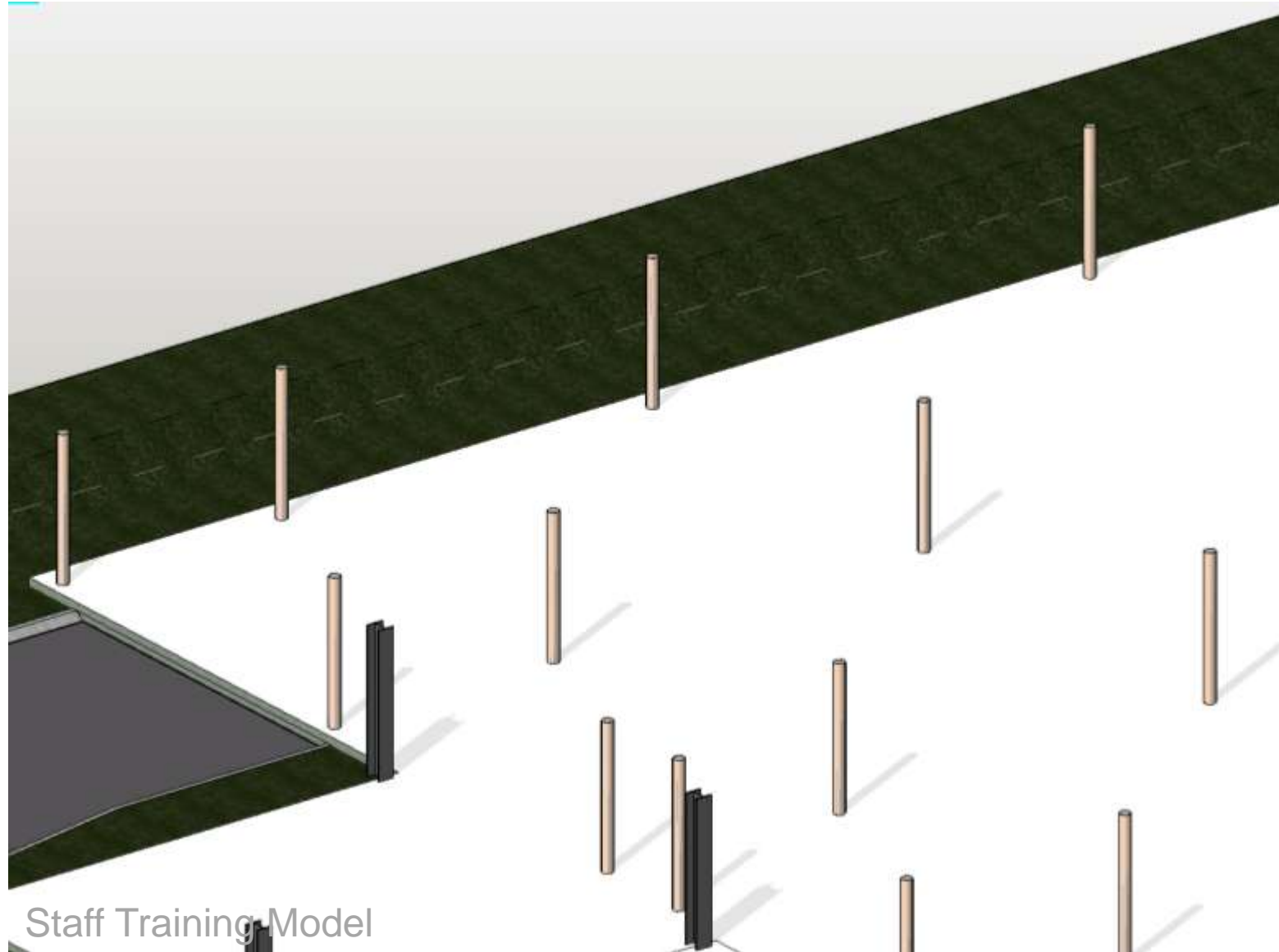
Material Choices

- Made during geometry placement
- Preliminary only
- Keep Generic

A Zonal Approach

- Keep geometry generic
- Use experience to make decisions early
- If you lack experience use others
- More speed less haste

Level of Detail (LOD) 200

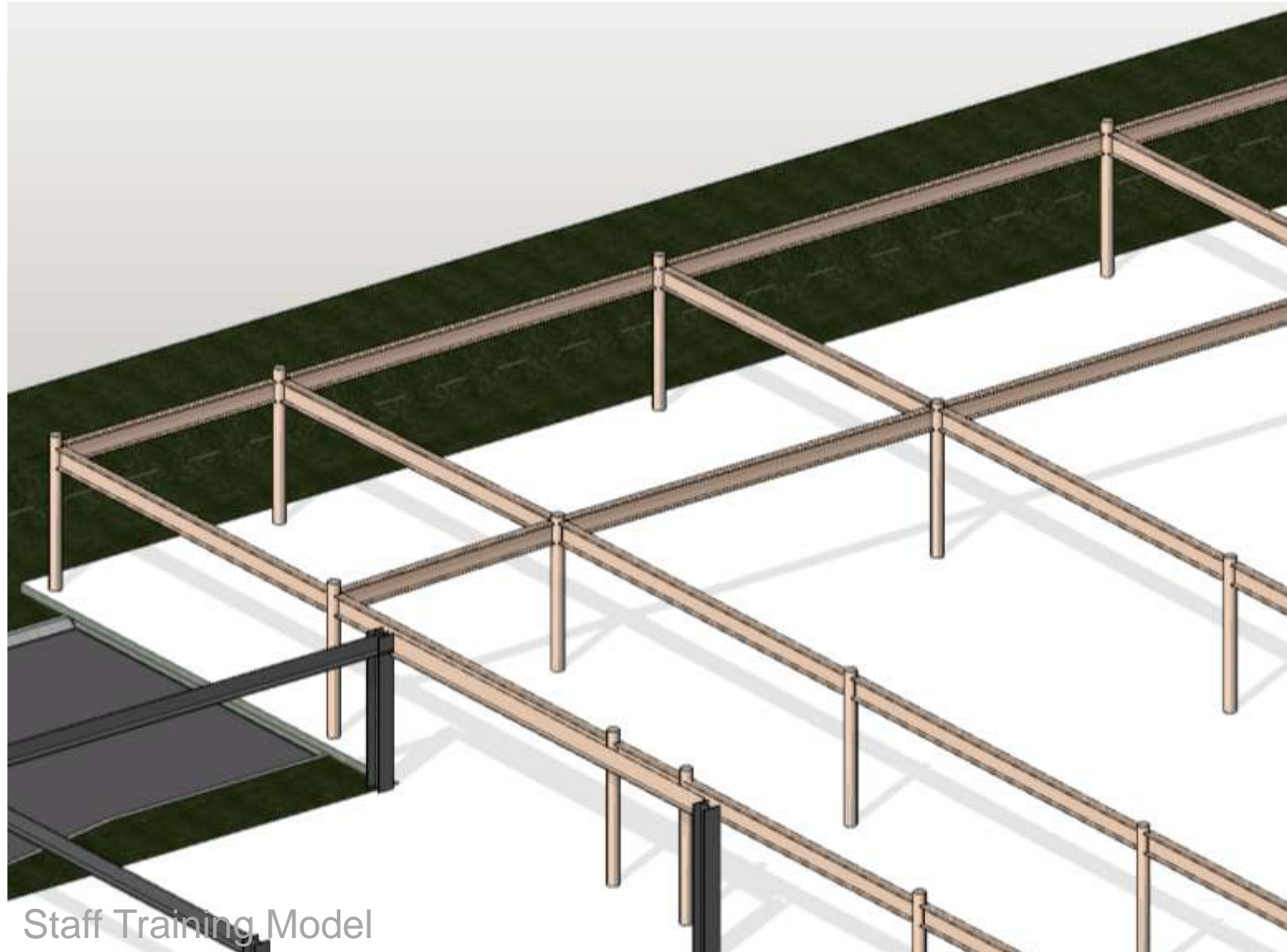


Staff Training Model

Preliminary Structure

- Place grids
- Use grids to place columns
- Move grids not columns
- Careful with constraints

Level of Detail (LOD) 200

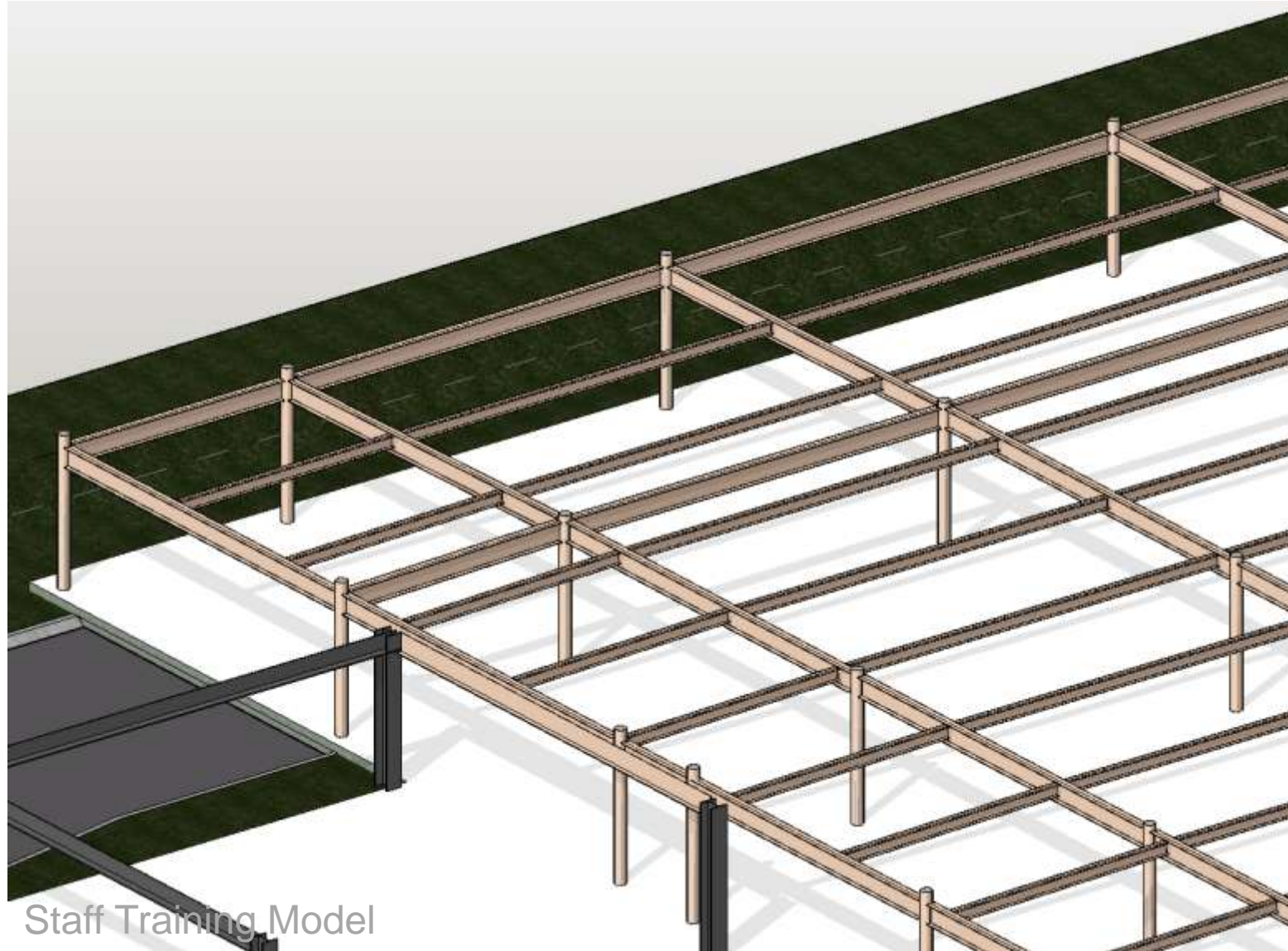


Staff Training Model

Primary Structure

- Use grids to place beams
- Move grids not beams
- Keep generic
- Model primary structure as a worst case scenario

Level of Detail (LOD) 200



Staff Training Model

Secondary Structure

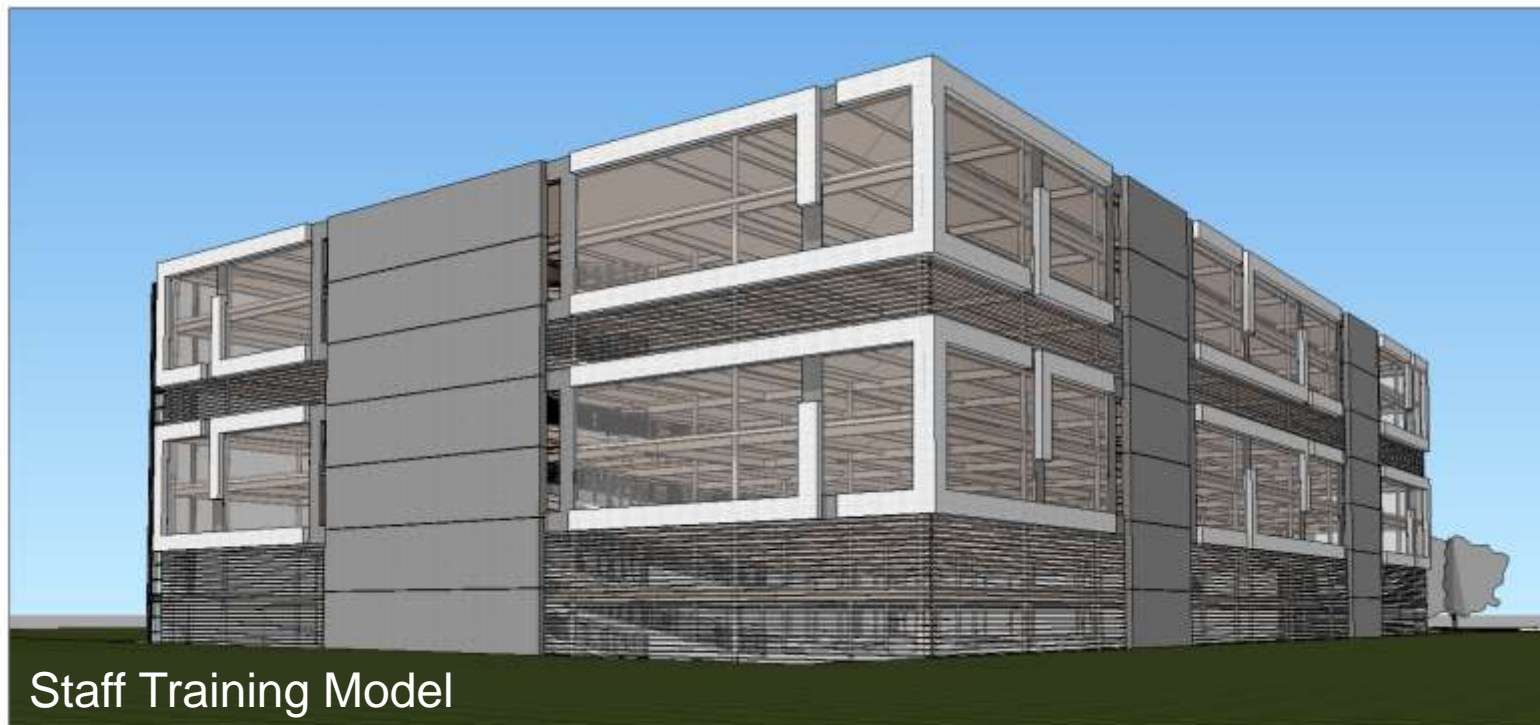
- Primary structure as necessary
- Secondary structure optional at this point

Level of Detail (LOD) 200

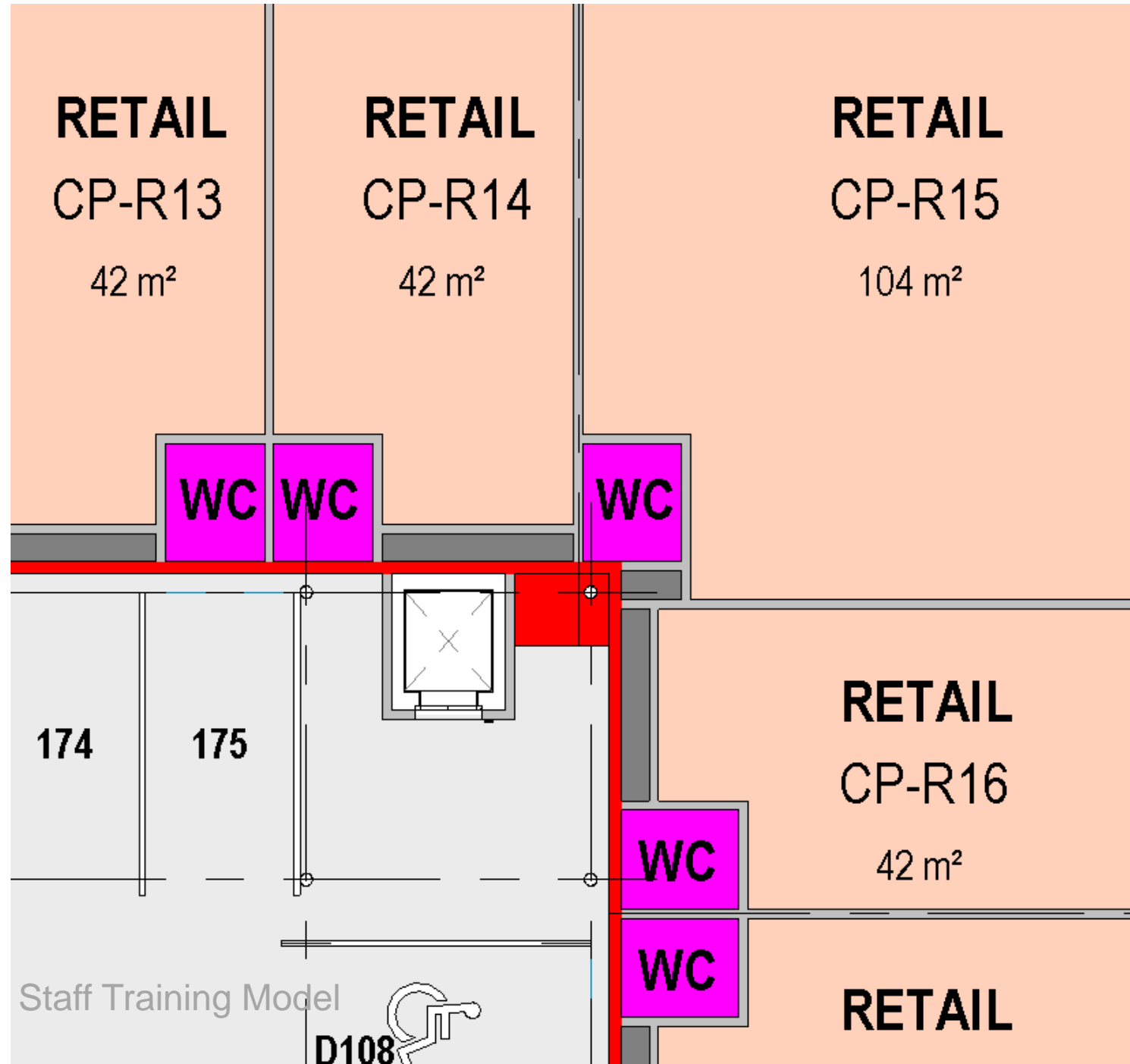


Envelope Design

- Keep generic
- Zonal approach
- Make material choices



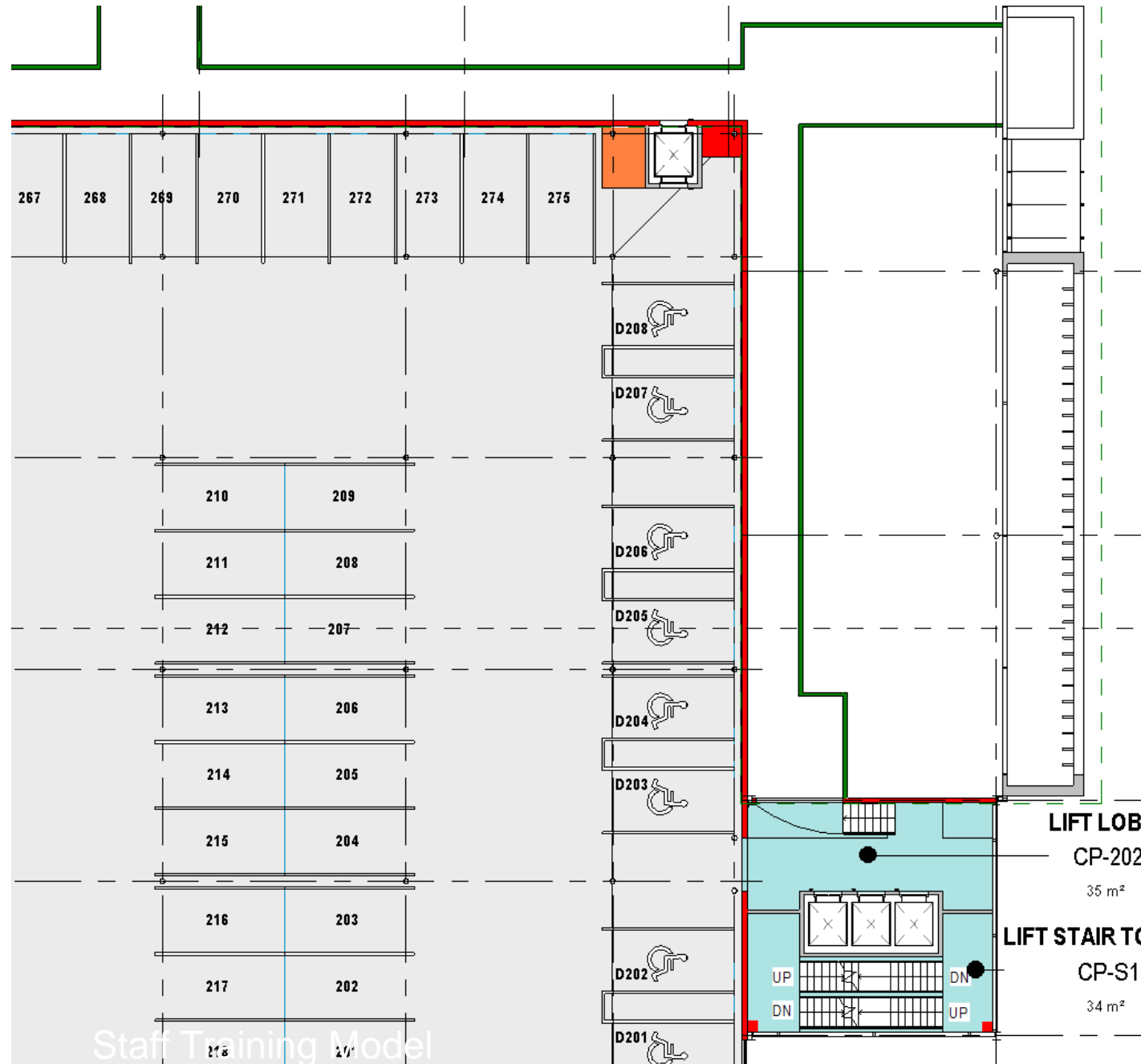
Level of Detail (LOD) 200



Preliminary Services

- Keep generic
- Zonal approach
- Mechanical
- Electrical
- Plumbing
- Fire
- Acoustic
- Consider horizontal as well as vertical

Level of Detail (LOD) 200



The Finished Article

- Circulation assessed and meets brief
- Preliminary Structure complete
- Preliminary Services zones established
- Preliminary Acoustic zones established
- Preliminary Fire zones established
- Consultants schematics complete
- Consultant modelling underway



Outcomes

Clearly define, coordinate & validate:

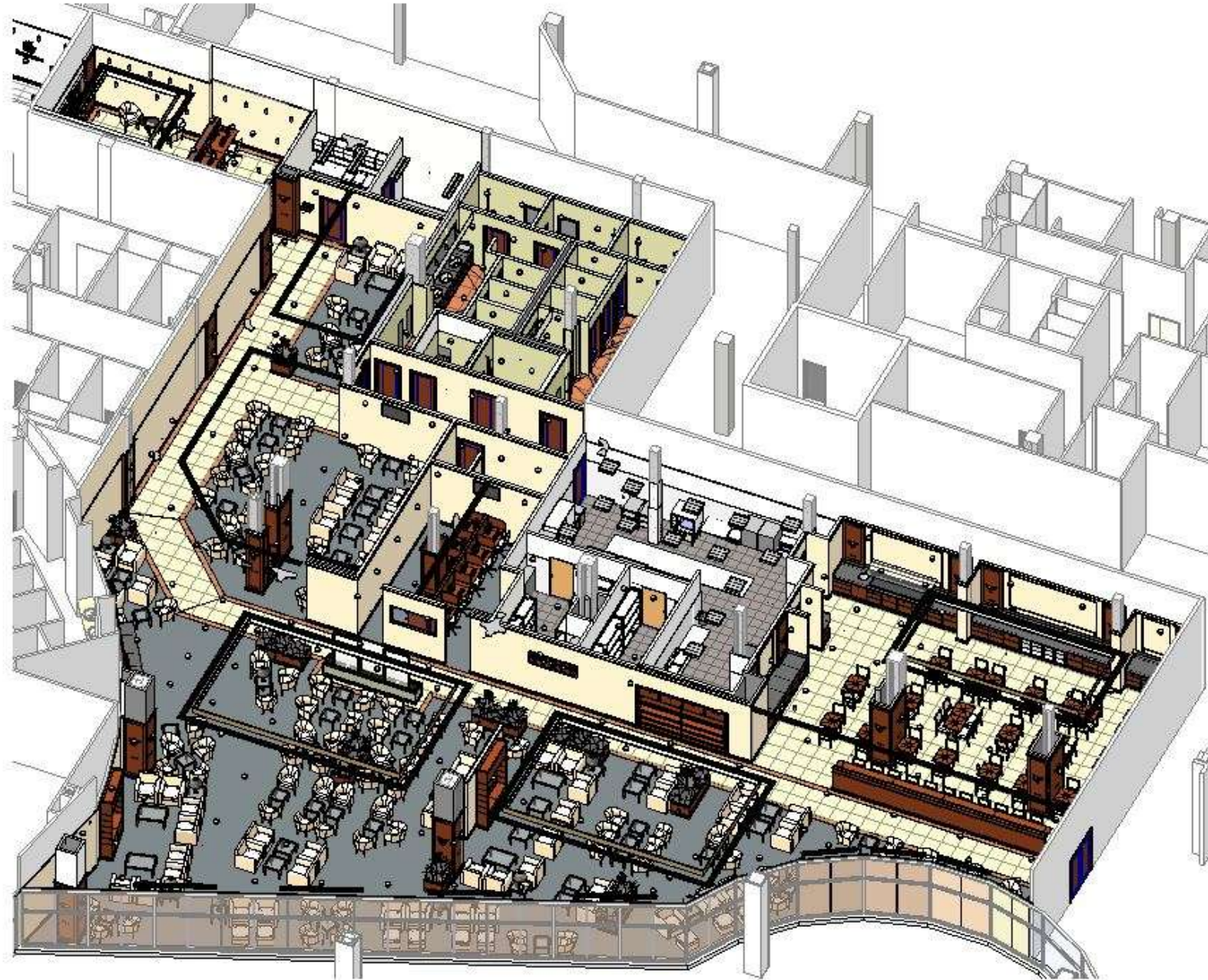
- Major building systems
- All building elements
- Quality levels

Complete specifications

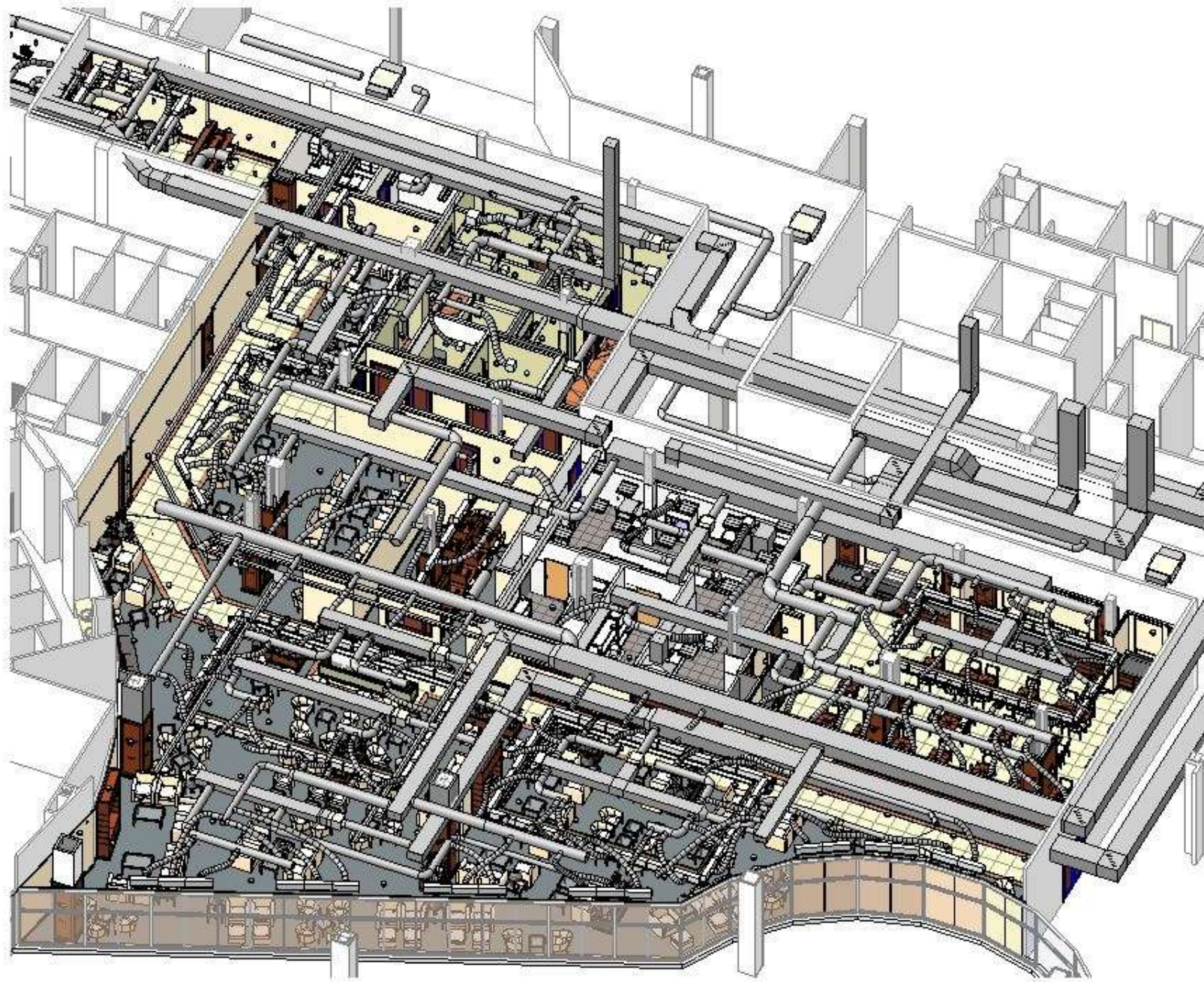
Establish precise cost

Establish precise construction schedule

Emirates Lounge – Auckland International Airport

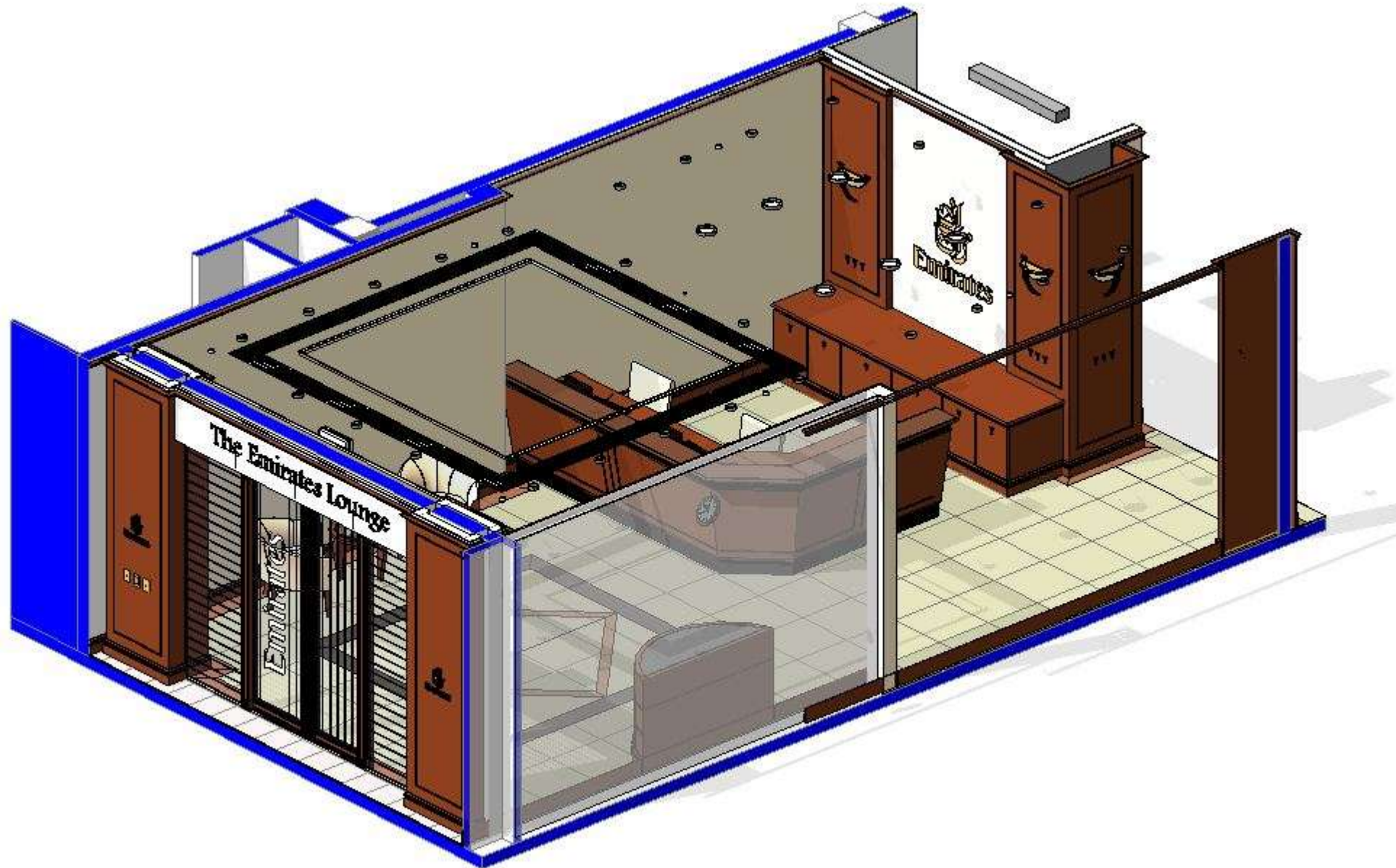


Emirates Lounge – Auckland International Airport



Detailed Design

Emirates Lounge – Auckland International Airport



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Detailed Design

Emirates Lounge – Auckland International Airport

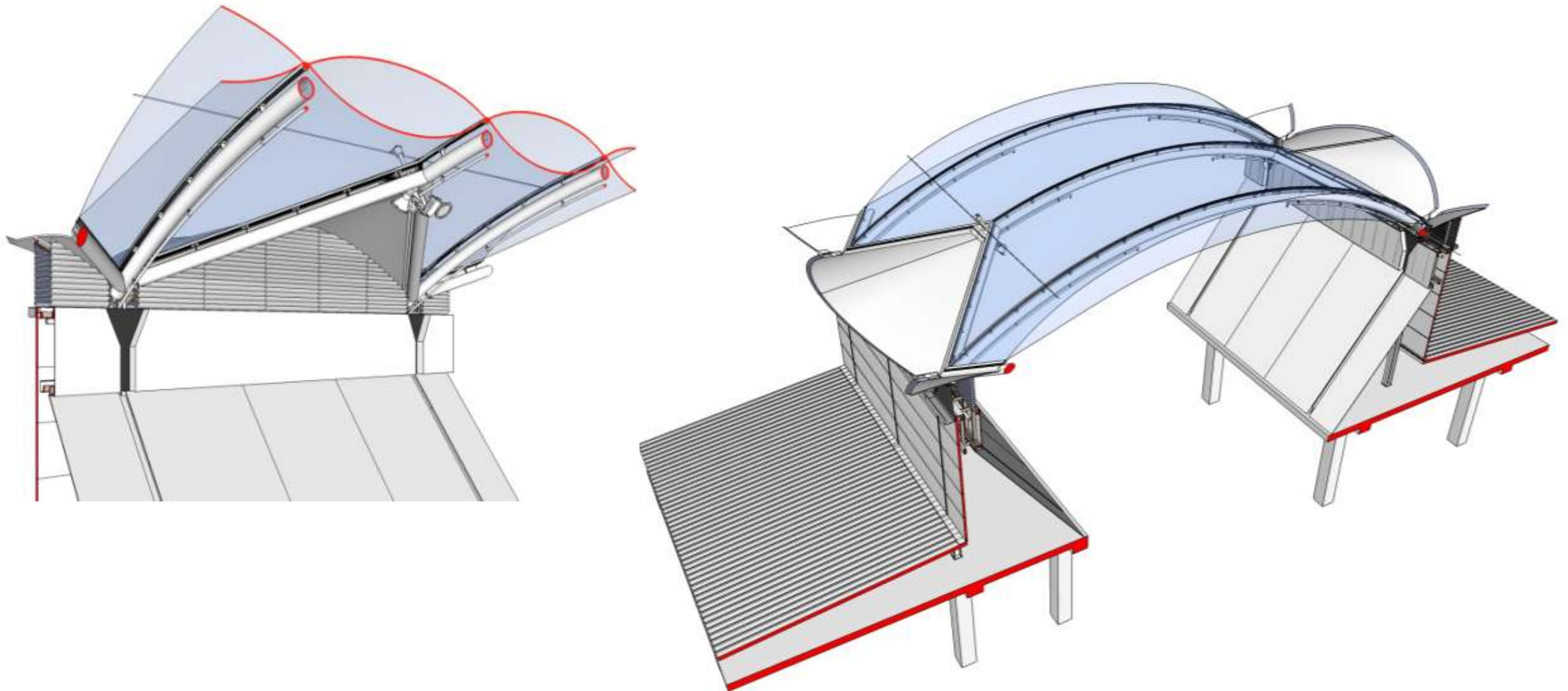


Emirates Lounge – Auckland International Airport



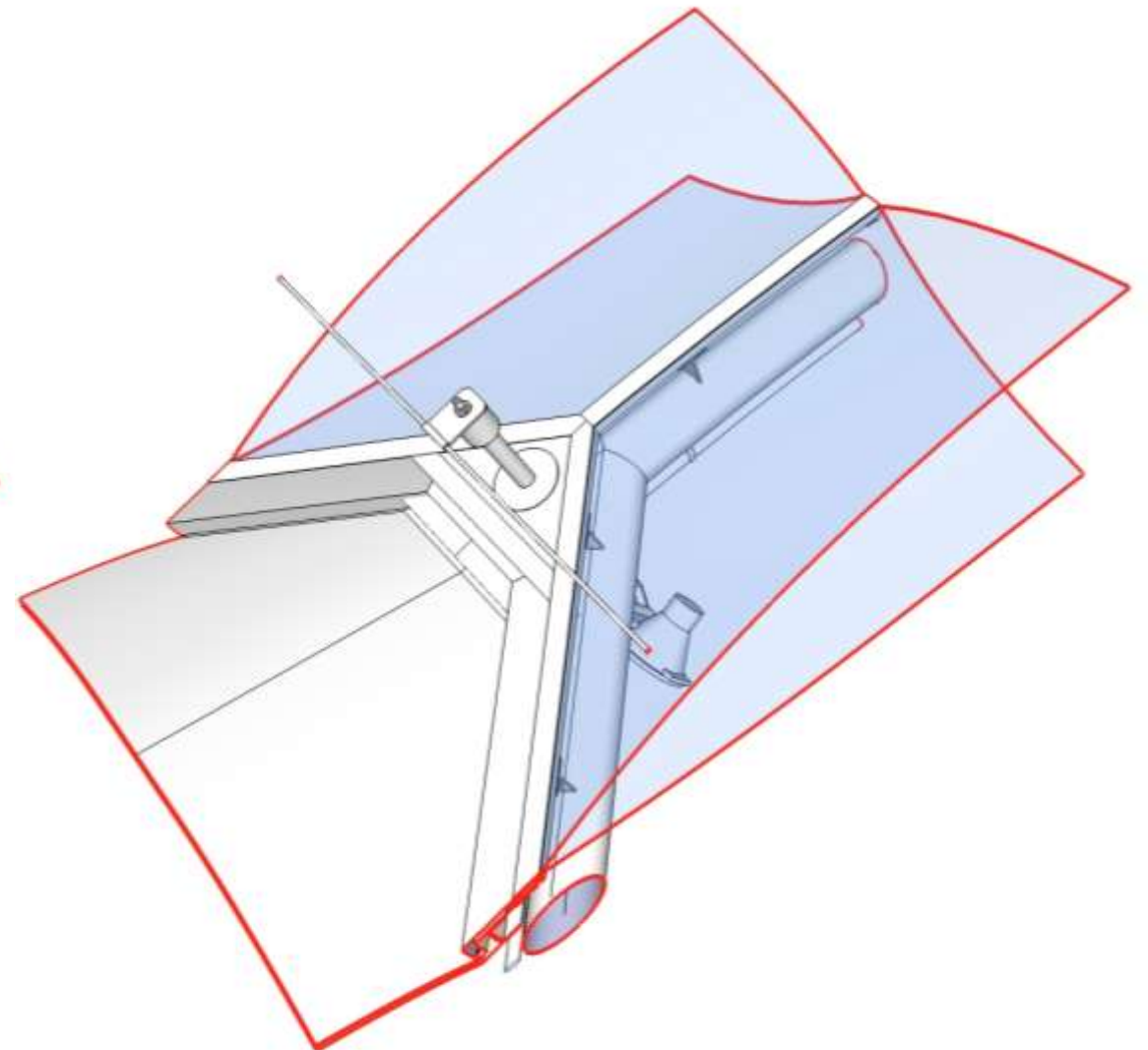
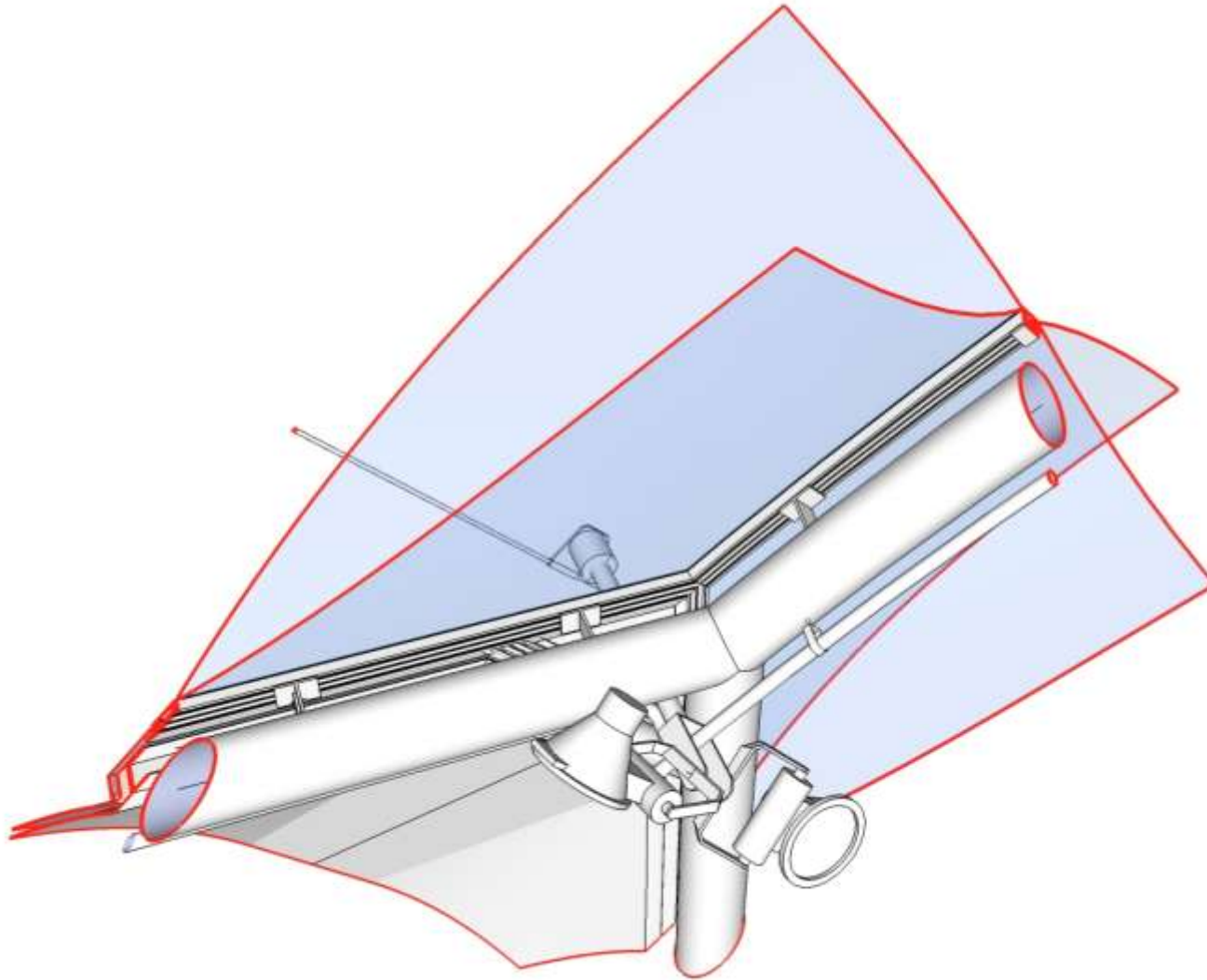
Detailed Design

Te AWA, The Base - ETFE Roof



Detailed Design

Te AWA, The Base - ETFE Roof



Detailed Design

Te AWA, The Base - ETFE Roof



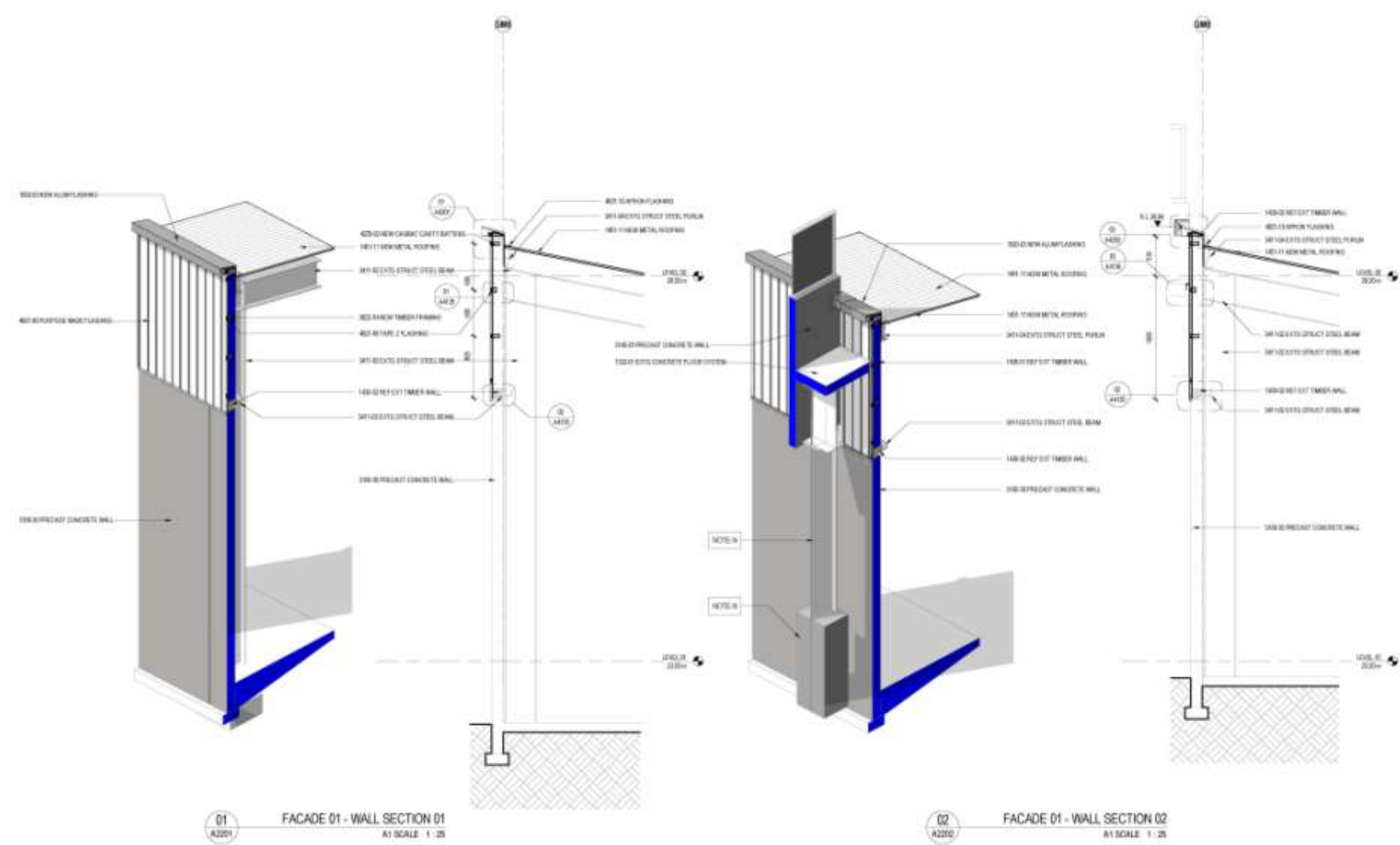
Detailed Design

Te AWA, The Base - ETFE Roof



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Presentation of Information

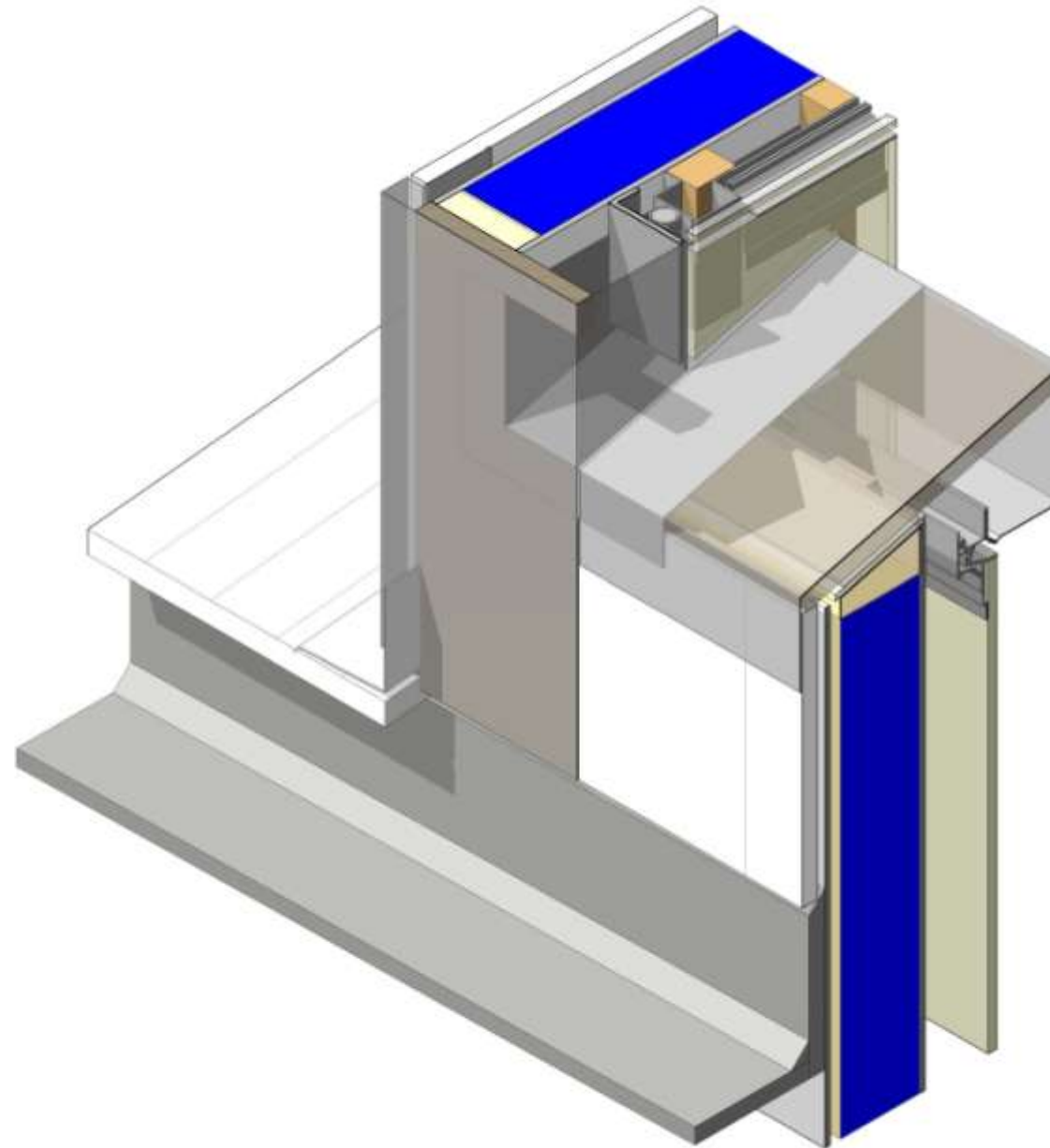


KEY	KEYNOTE LEGEND	DESCRIPTION	KEY	KEYNOTE LEGEND	DESCRIPTION	KEY	KEYNOTE LEGEND	DESCRIPTION	KEY	KEYNOTE LEGEND	DESCRIPTION
100-01000 CONCRETE FLOOR TO ROOF	100-01000 CONCRETE FLOOR TO ROOF	CONCRETE FLOOR TO ROOF	100-01000 CONCRETE FLOOR TO ROOF	100-01000 CONCRETE FLOOR TO ROOF	CONCRETE FLOOR TO ROOF	100-01000 CONCRETE FLOOR TO ROOF	100-01000 CONCRETE FLOOR TO ROOF	CONCRETE FLOOR TO ROOF	100-01000 CONCRETE FLOOR TO ROOF	100-01000 CONCRETE FLOOR TO ROOF	CONCRETE FLOOR TO ROOF
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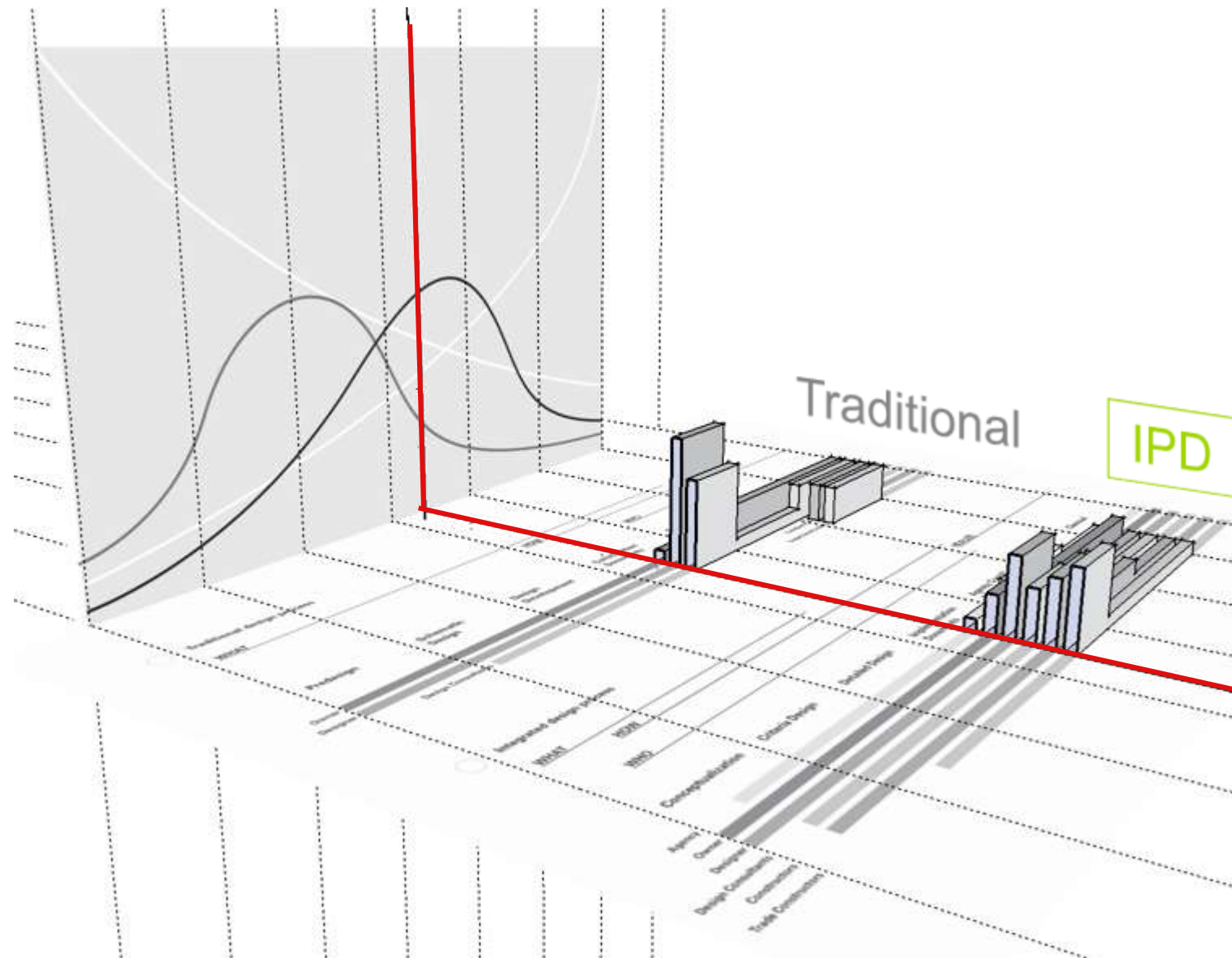
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Level of Detail (LOD) 500 – Full Virtual Construction

Complex junctions resolved



Implementation Documents



During the Implementation Documents phase emphasis shifts to **HOW** the systems and structure will be created...

Outcomes

Finalize:

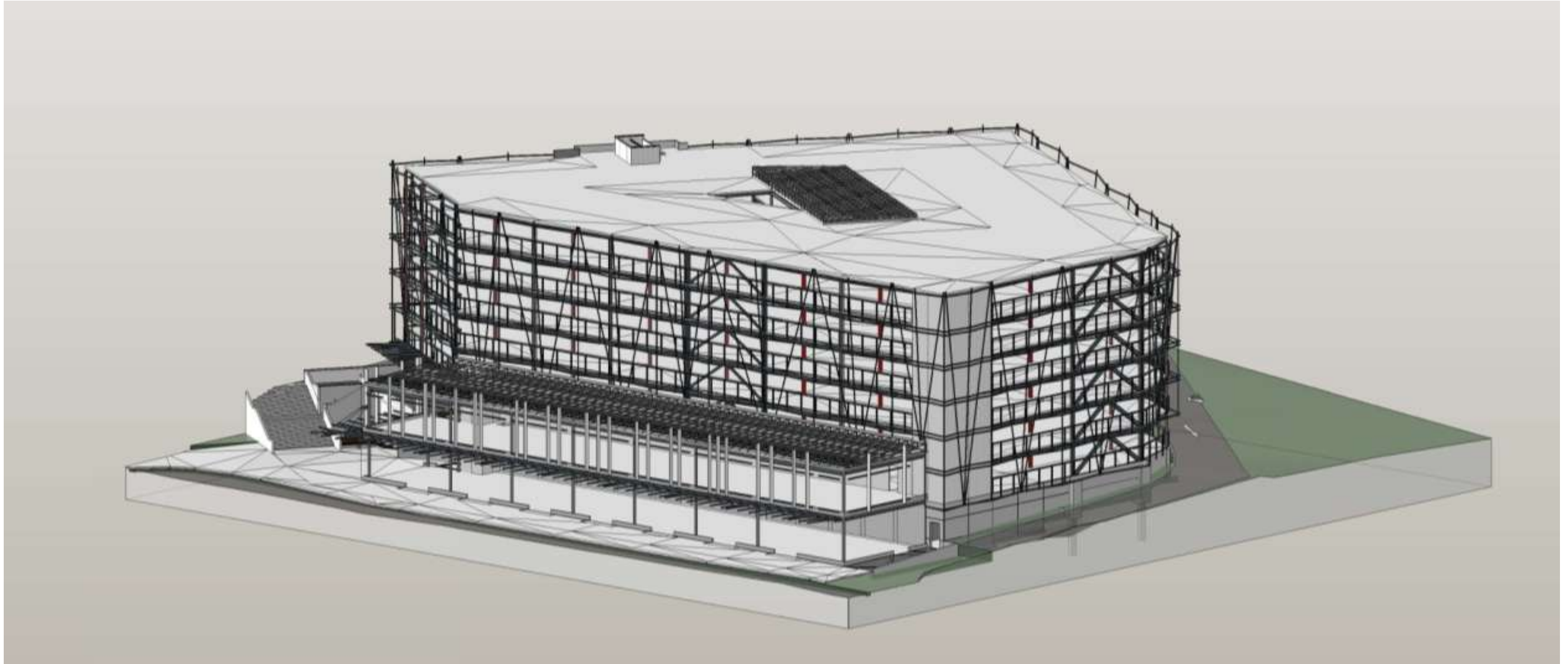
- Construction Means, Methods & Schedule
- Cost
- Specifications

Visualize project for the bank, other bidders

Complete 'shop drawings'
Start prefabricating some systems

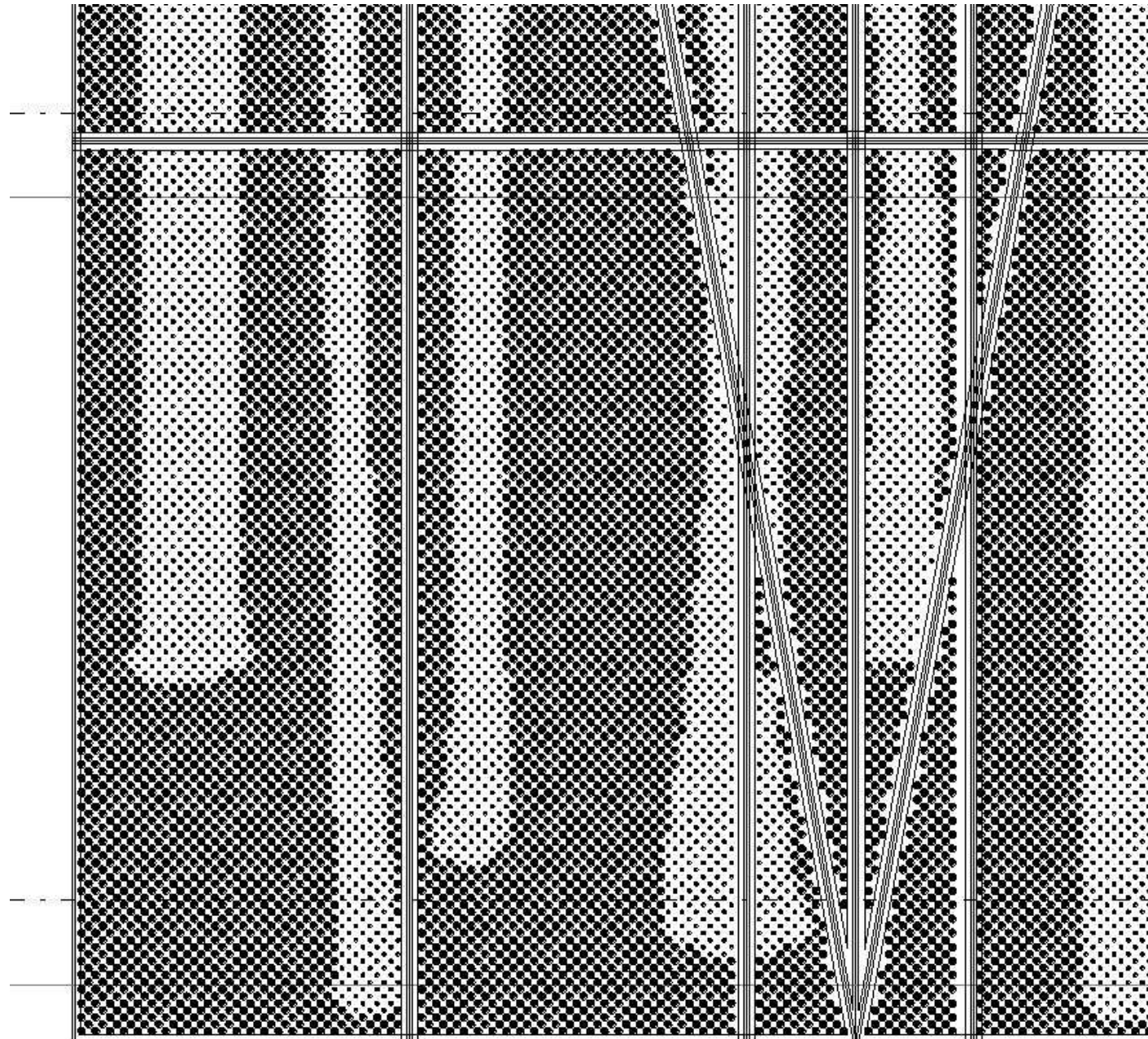
Implementation Documents

Auckland Hospital Car Park – Model data to D&H Steel



Implementation Documents

Auckland Hospital Car Park – Data to China for CNC manufacture of panels



Implementation Documents

Auckland Hospital Car Park – Offsite manufacture: no on-site measure!

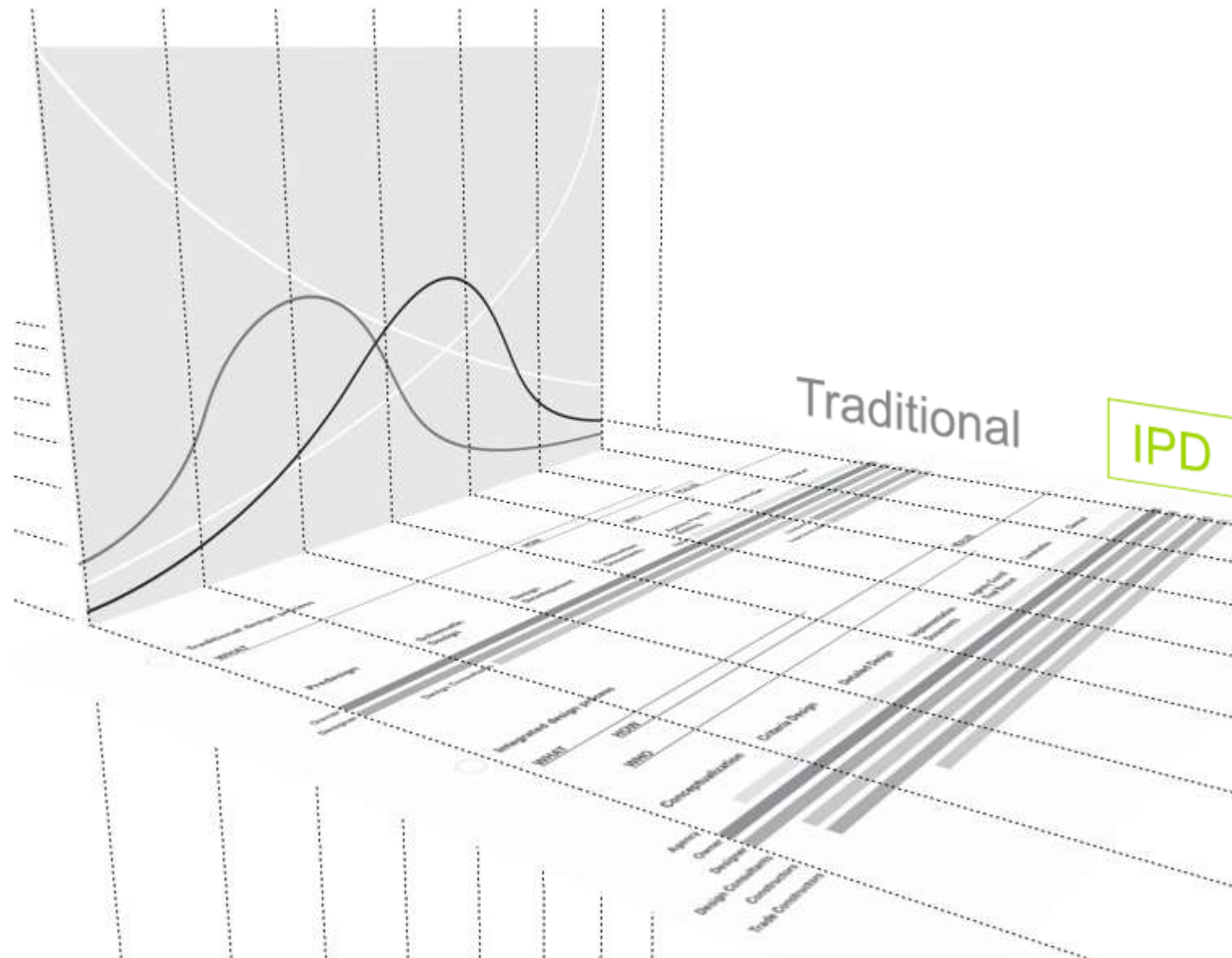


Implementation Documents

Auckland Hospital Car Park



Territorial Authority Review



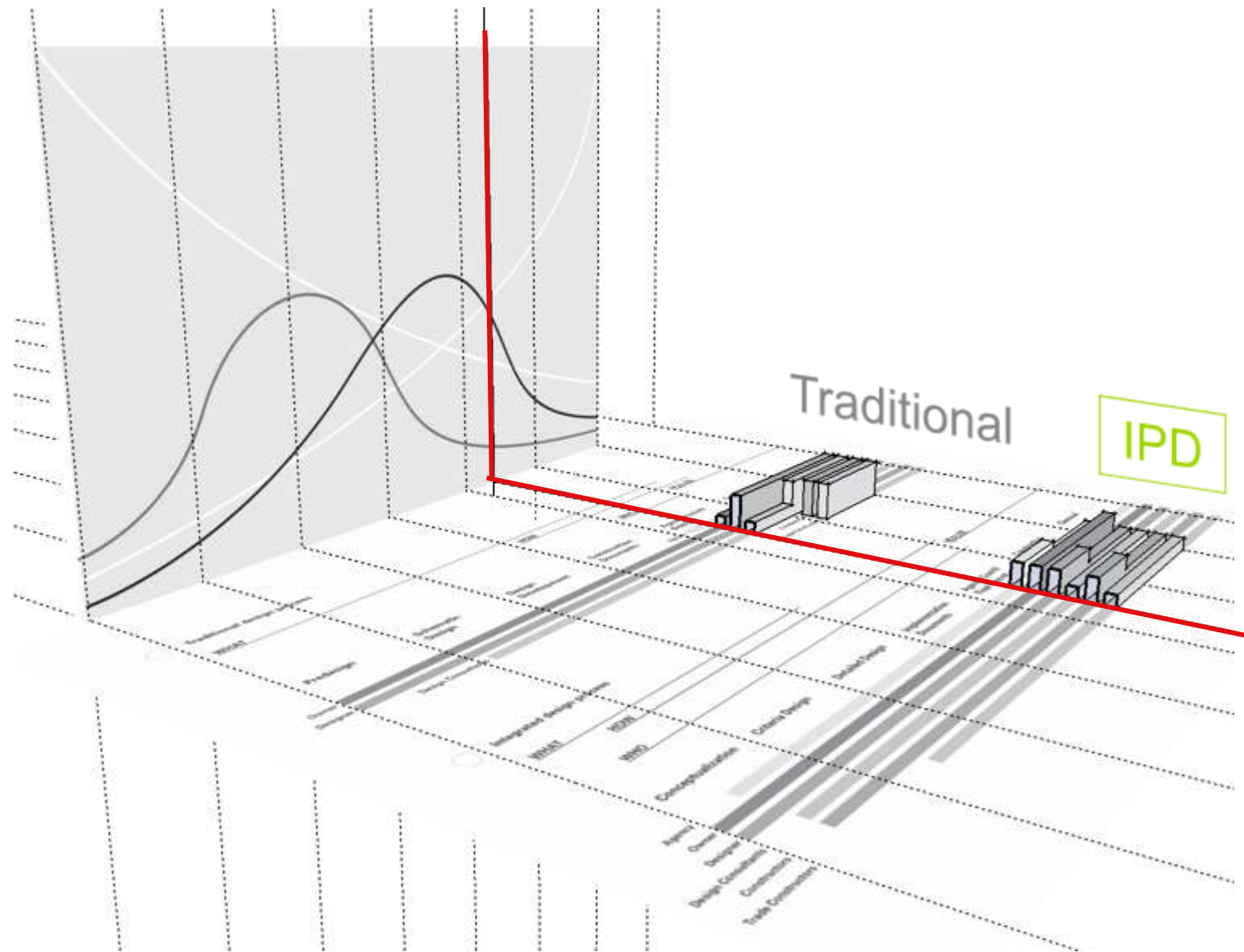
Early involvement and validation by agencies shortens the permitting process...

Outcomes

Obtain all necessary permits and approvals

- Electronic (on-line) lodgement of data streamlines process
- T.A. interrogates BIM model for design

Procurement



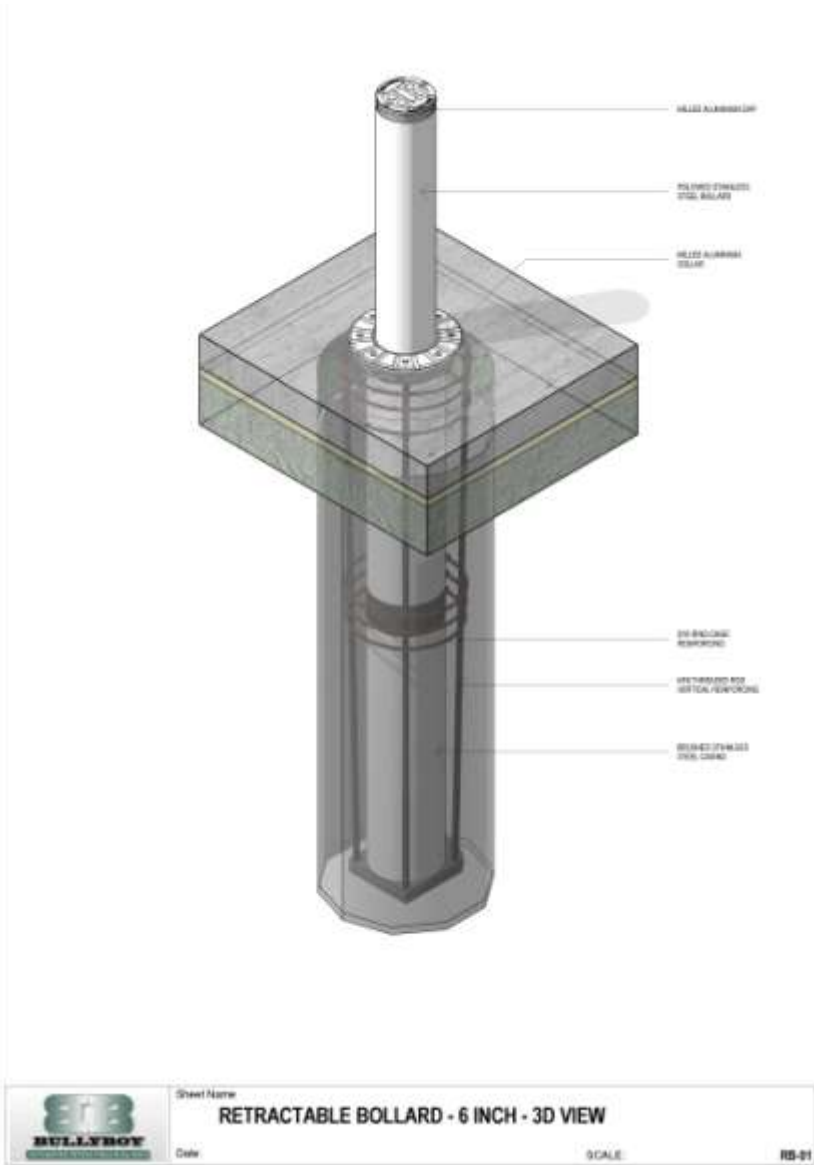
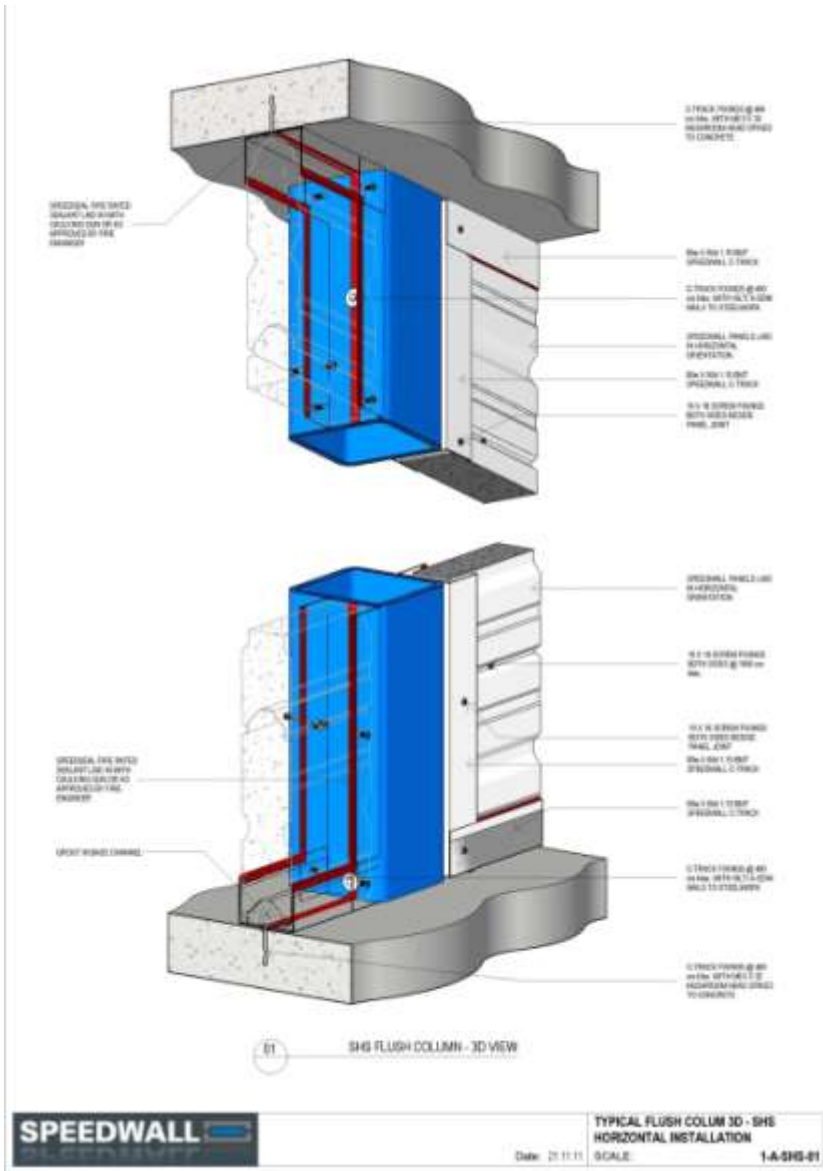
The Procurement phase is much shorter since most work is already contracted for...

Outcomes

Put in place commitments for all work, materials and equipment needed to complete the project

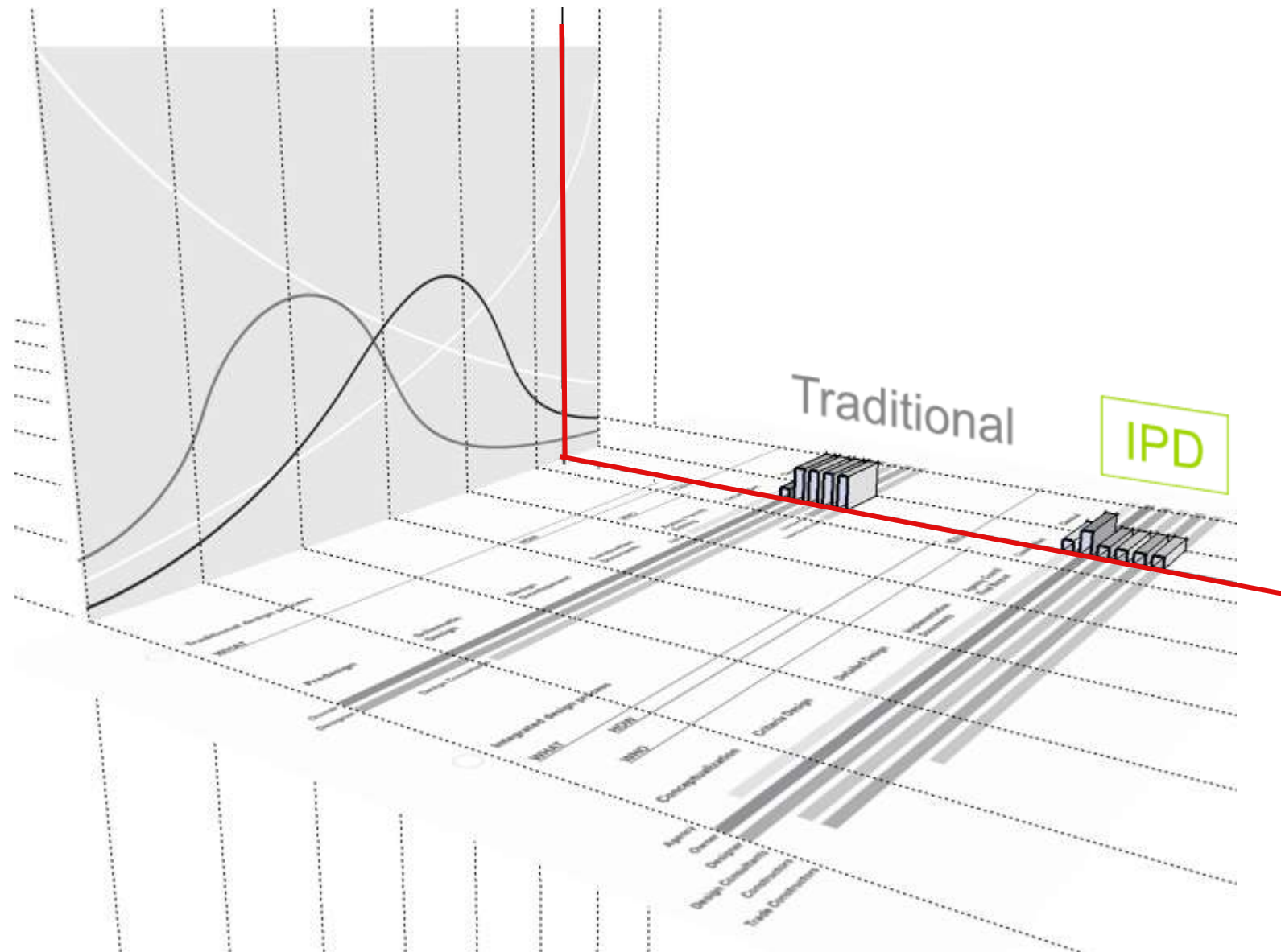
- Off-site manufacture underway
- Greater % of IPD project is constructed off-site = improvement in quality
- Integrated supply chain

IGNITE’s current work with the supply chain



Build national library - Masterspec

Creating the Next Generation of Integrated Teams



The benefits of the integrated process are realised in Construction. This phase is about quality control and cost monitoring.

Outcomes

Complete the project

- Minimal RFIs from major trades
- Less contract admin effort required
- Lean Planning
- BIM model used for location-based management

Off-site CNC



Construction

Kitset of parts



Construction

Highest quality



Location-based Site Management / Flow-line Scheduling

Seppänen et al: The Combination of Last Planner System and Location-Based Management System

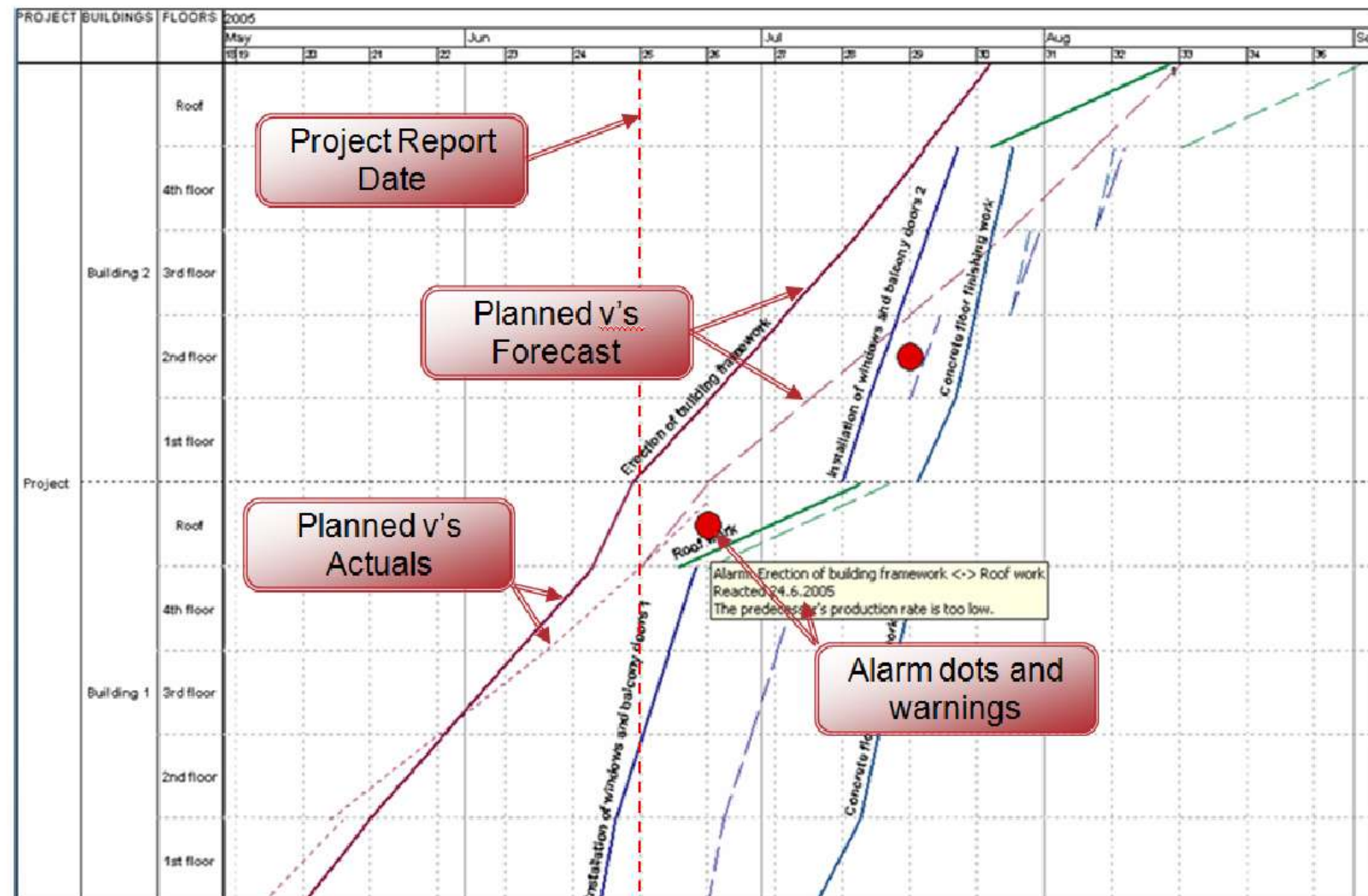


Figure 1: A flowline figure with the plan (solid line), actual (dotted line), forecast (dashed line), and alarms (red dots) shown

Location-based Site Management / Flow-line Scheduling

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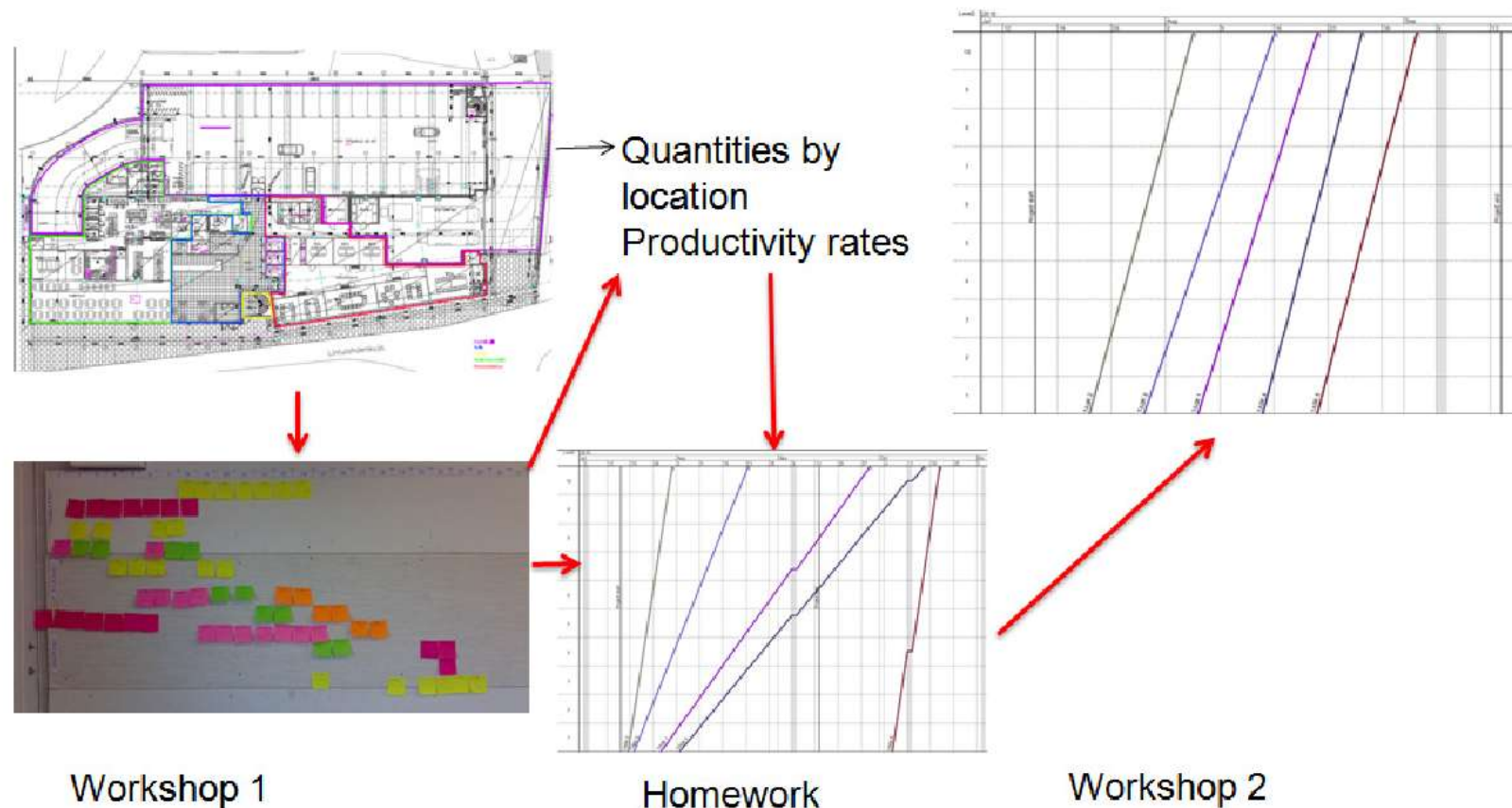
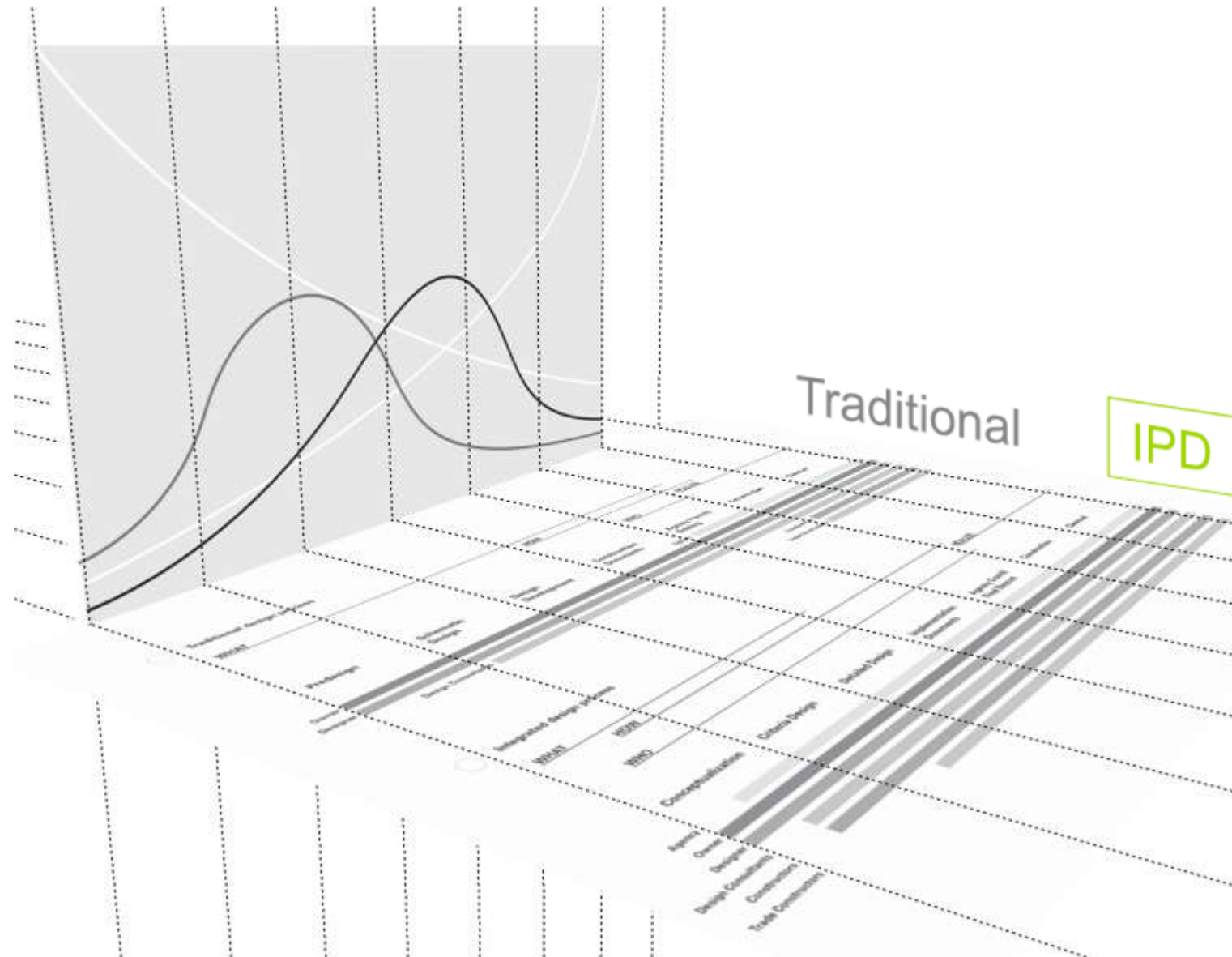


Figure 2: Proposed phase scheduling process. Workshop 1 is a pull scheduling session where Location Breakdown Structure of the phase is defined, and tasks and logic are captured using the familiar Last Planner sticky note method. The second workshop starts with an unaligned schedule with one crew working in each task. Aligning the production rates is done collaboratively in workshop 2. The end result is an aligned schedule capturing production rate commitments of all participants.

Closeout



An intelligent 3D model is delivered to the owner...

Outcomes

Deliver a complete 'as-built' model to the owner

- Life-cycle costs embedded in model
- Asset management plan linked to as-built model

Files linked to Revit Model via SQL Database

OVERVIEW

SELECT

VIEW/EDIT

ANALYSIS

REPORTING

ADMIN

HELP

LOGOUT

MAINZEAL > CARPARKS > AUCKLAND DHB CARPARK - PARK ROAD

28 PROPERTIES IN SELECTION

PROPERTY SUMMARY: 20961-ADHBC - SER-FIRE: ADHB CARPARK - SERVICES-FIRE (0) #4728

property code *20961-ADHBC - Ser-Fire

client ref-

property name *ADHB Carpark - Services-Fire

site type *MAINZEAL

facility type *Carparks

site *Auckland DHB Carpark - Park Road

is part of20961-ADHBC - Ser[Block] : ADHB Carpark - S

type - hierarchy

Floor

status, survey date *- please select -22/07/2011

ownership- none -

management-

function- none -

construction year *2011

purchase year

importance*medium

address2 Park Road

cityAuckland

addr.phone-

addr.email-

contactColin Usher

cont. phone or email

cont. mail address

area - suburbGrafton

post code-

fax-

barcode / rfid-

GPS

gps 1:-

gps 2:-

construction type

floors5

floor level0

floor covering:0

room id:0

udf 5:0

accommodation

floor area (m2)5357

number of bedrooms0

paint wear:0

udf 4:0

data captured by (organisation)MAINZEAL

cloned from

data captured by (name)NULL

is template property:no

placeholder image

copy

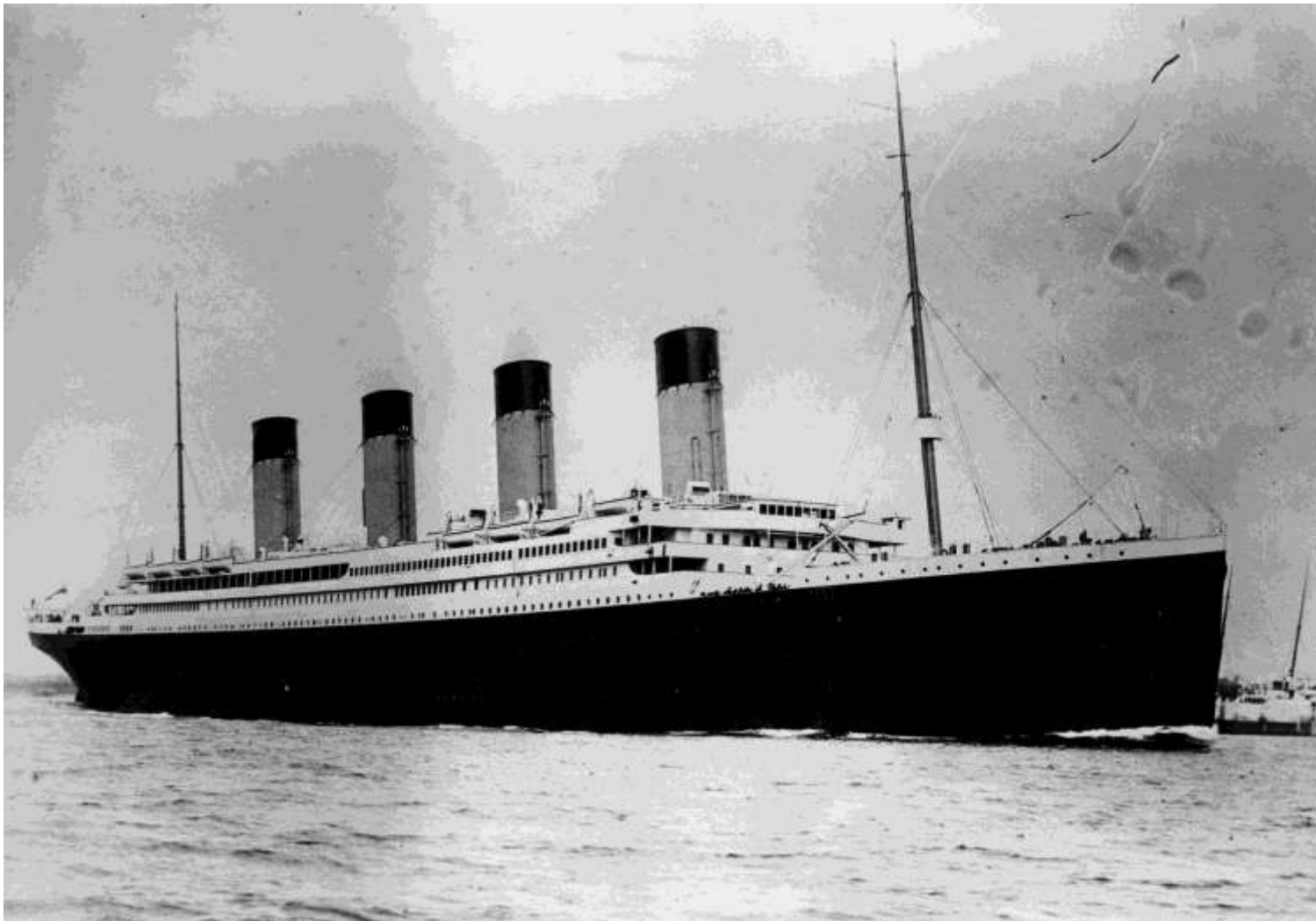
delete

add new

save

Change Management

‘Like turning the Titanic...’



What is IGNITE doing re. change management?

- Canvassing the industry
- Building relationships with:
 - Contractors
 - Suppliers
 - Other consultants
- Building a world-class in-house BIM team
- Committing to becoming a leader in this field
- Committing to R&D

Challenges to IPD Implementation

1. Fear of change – contractors – Design / Build
2. Weak culture of collaboration
3. Finding like-minded partners
4. Lack of defined liability – AIA Contract, Project Insurance
5. Costs (re. technology)
6. Steep learning curve (and long)
7. Lack of interoperability – single platform vs. Industry Foundation Class (IFC) protocol
8. Ensuring adequate compensation

Nature of IPD Contracts

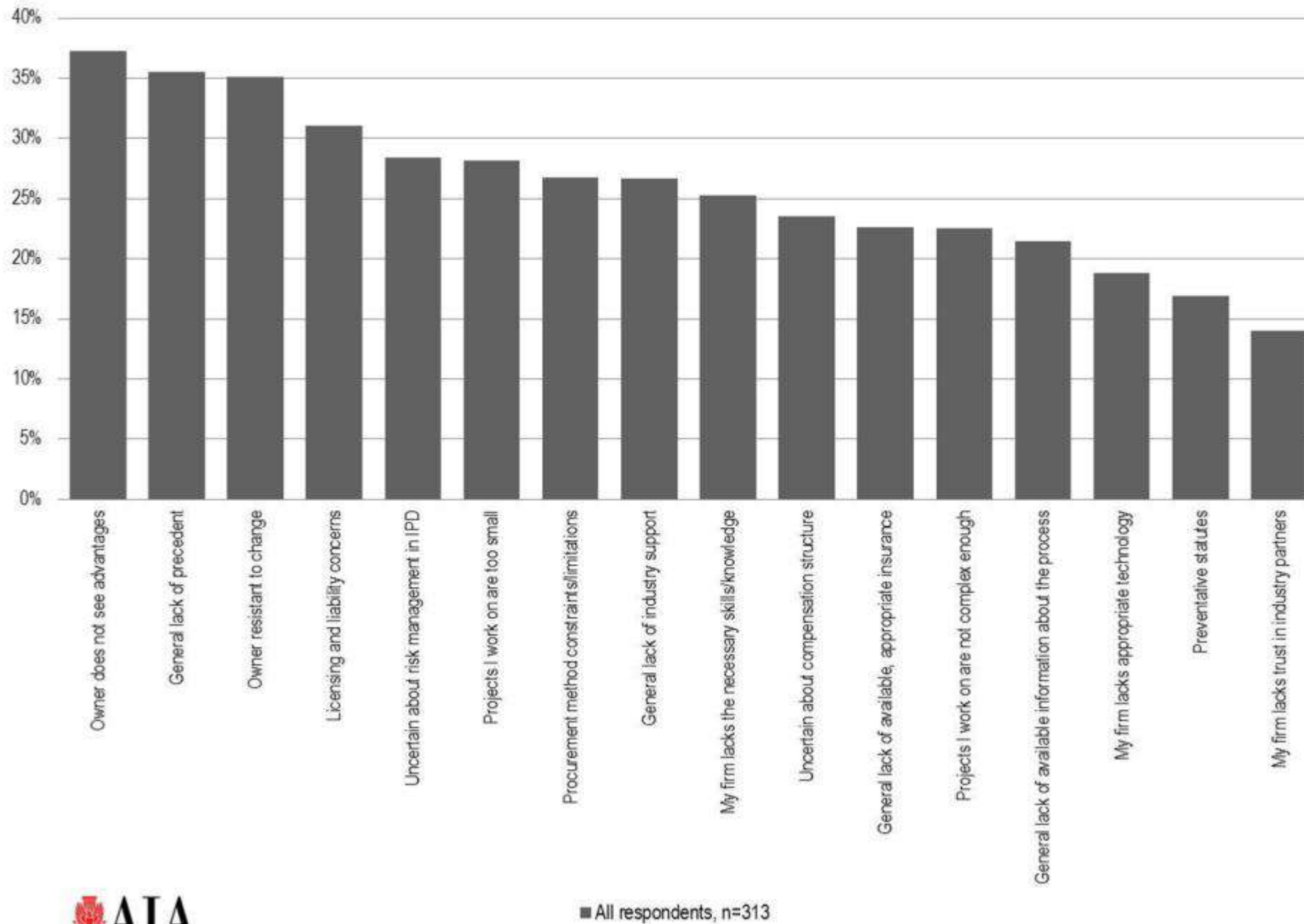
IPD is more a relational process than an arms-length transaction.

- Create a compensation structure that encourages overall project success
- Structure participant relationships (tri-party, multi-party or single-purpose entity)
- Waivers of liability
- Project management structure which encourages participation in decision-making and conflict resolution from day one
- Use standard form agreements for IPD projects
- Implement project-specific insurances

Change Management

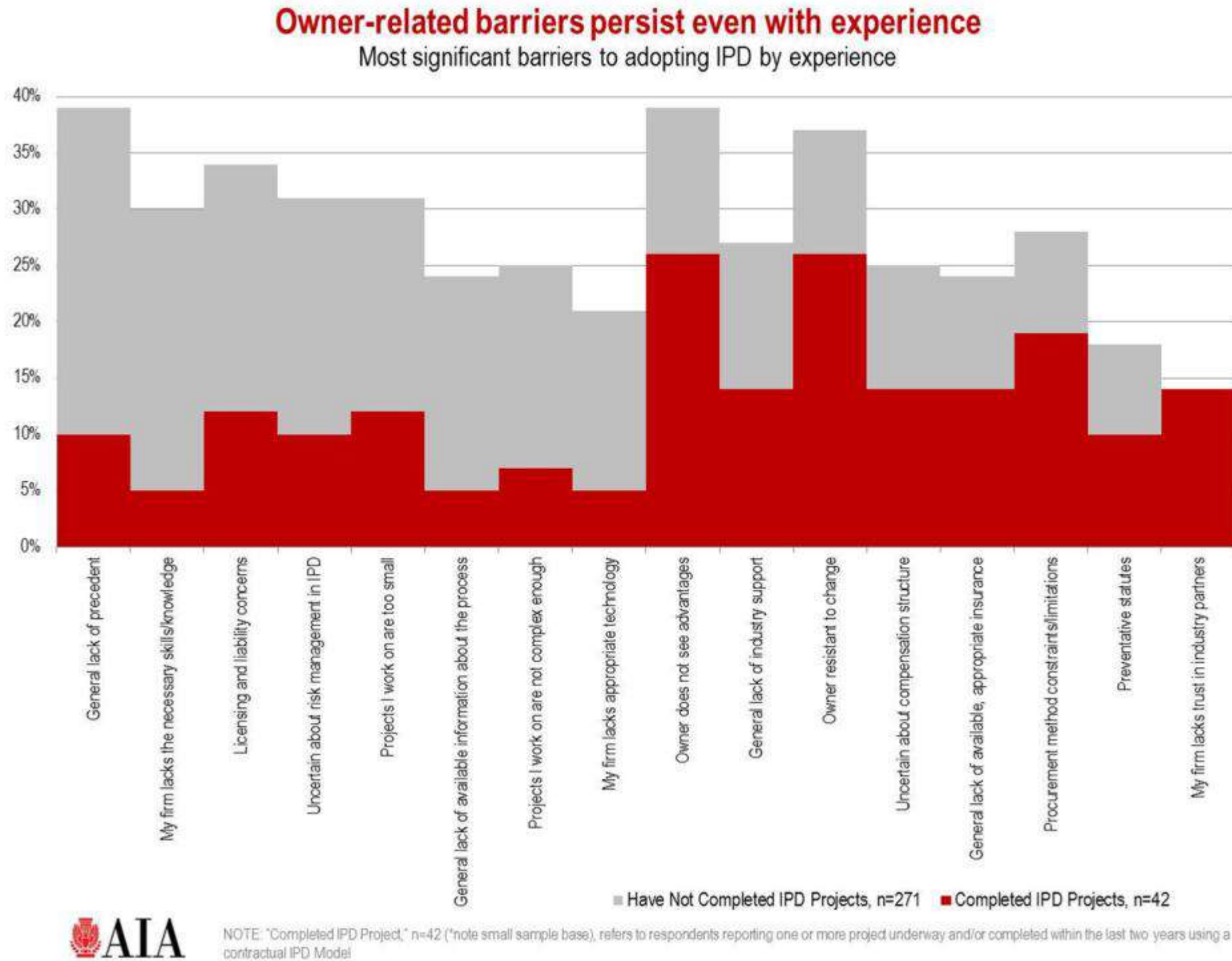
AIA members cite lack of owner education, precedent as barriers to IPD

Most significant barriers to adopting IPD, all respondents, n=313



■ All respondents, n=313

Change Management



Change is Now

Envision a new world, where...

- Facilities managers, end users, contractors and suppliers are all involved at the start of the design process
- Processes are outcome-driven and decisions are not made solely on a first cost basis
- All communications throughout the process are clear, concise, open transparent and trusting
- Designers fully understand the ramifications of their decisions at the time their decisions are made
- Risk and reward are value-based and appropriately balanced among all team members over the life of the project
- The industry delivers a higher quality and sustainable built environment...

This is the world of Integrated Project Delivery.